

LU ETTA SMITH FACES DR. BURKE IN COURT

WATERFRONT DEEDS TO OAKLAND

The Southern Pacific Company Keeps Faith With City As Per Agreement.

Document Includes All Lands in the Stratton Survey.

The Southern Pacific company today kept faith with the city of Oakland by filing a deed at the county recorder's office to all the lands which it pledged itself under the memorandum of agreement entered into with the administration and embodied in the fifty-year leasehold franchise recently given to it to a section of the western water front.

The conveyance includes all of the lands included in and claimed by the corporation under the Stratton survey, save that which is now occupied by its tracks east of the north arm of the estuary, giving the right to the city to open certain avenues through the territory so reserved to the water front; also all of its rights to Broadway wharf and to lands owned by it on the western water front above the ordinary low tide line for the opening of streets to reach what has been termed the municipal "white meat" of the western water front, lying between the house-holds of the Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific companies.

The action taken by the Southern Pacific company in filing these deeds puts the city of Oakland in absolute possession and control of the water front. All that remains now to complete the terms of the agreement is the filing in the United States court of appeals of an abandonment on the part of the Southern Pacific company of all rights of appeal to the United States supreme court from the decision rendered against it by United States Circuit Judge Gilbert in the Western Pacific Railroad Company suit, which will make that decree final and put permanently at rest the costly litigation in which the city has been involved in its efforts to secure its rights in the water front for a period of over one-half a century.

MRS. JULIA B. ASHE IS GIVEN FINAL DECREE

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—The final decree of divorce was signed by Superior Judge Canessa this afternoon. Mrs. Julia Bolado Ashe, 35, local society matron, from Gaston M. Ashe, social favorite, clubman and attorney-at-law. The involuntary judgment was handed down November 29, 1909, and the provisions of the document provide that Mrs. Ashe cannot take her two children out of the state without the written consent of the court. She, however, retains their custody, but her husband will be allowed to visit them and will be allowed to take them on pleasure jaunts.

NEWLY ELECTED SENATORS TAKE THE OATH OF OFFICE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Immediately after the convening of the Senate today the oath of office was administered to Claude A. Swanson, successor of John W. Daniel, as senator from Virginia; Joseph M. Terrell, successor of Senator Clay of Georgia, and Lafayette Young, successor to Senator Bullard of Iowa. The credentials of the three new senators were presented by their respective colleagues, by whom they were escorted to the chair. The oath was administered by the Vice-President.

Among several hundred nominations sent to the Senate by the President were those of John W. Garrett of Maryland to be United States minister to Venezuela, and Charles S. Wilson of Maine to be secretary of embassy at Rome, Italy. The nomination of Frederick W. Leh-

Planning to Make New Taxation Law Operative

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 6.—Having in mind the preparation of a statutory law that will put into effect senate constitutional amendment No. 1, adopted at the general election, members of the State Board of Equalization met at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the capitol with representatives of the big public corporations and the tax commission of the state.

Among those present to confer with the board were Senator J. B. Curtin,

CHIEF EXECUTIVE PLANS WORK FOR NATIONAL SOLONS

President Taft in His Annual Message Outlines Many Measures for Legislative Enactment

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Congress gave respectful attention to President Taft's message today, but there were comparatively few members who were willing to concede the probability of favorable action at the present session on many of the recommendations contained therein. This was in view of the fact that the session will close March 4th.

The Message Delivered

The message was delivered to both houses by Secretary Latta soon after they convened at noon. Mr. Latta made his first appearance in the Senate, arriving immediately after the announcement of the President's intention to communicate his views "in writing."

This announcement was made by Senator Cullom on behalf of himself and Senator Money, who constituted the Senatorial committee to inform the President that the Senate was prepared to receive recommendations from him. Almost immediately afterward Mr. Latta delivered the message to the House.

Reading of Document

The reading of the document, which was of unusual length was begun at 12:19 p. m. in the Senate. At first most of the Senators listened attentively, but gradually this attention ceased on the part of most of them and those who remained in the chamber devoted themselves to printed copies before them. This also was the case in the House.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—President Taft today sent to both houses of Congress his annual message. The document is of great length and covers in exhaustive manner the entire field of national affairs.

He declares it is time to stop legislating with reference to regulation of corporations and to witness the effect of a vigorous execution of the laws already on the statute books. The exact limitations upon business methods imposed by law doubtless will be made clearer by pending decisions of the Supreme Court.

Just at this time the President says he believes the activities of the Government in accordance with the enforcement of laws should be directed toward economy of administration, the enlargement of opportunities of foreign trade, the building up of home industry and the strengthening of the confidence of capital in domestic investment.

Mr. Taft strongly recommends some form of ship subsidy to increase American shipping, especially to South America.

The Tariff Schedules

The tariff board is not ready to submit a report on any of the schedules of the Payne law, and Mr. Taft says he will not recommend any tariff legislation until the new Congress convenes in December, 1911.

He urges that the tariff board be made permanent and that all future revisions be made schedule by schedule. He vigorously opposes any general revision.

The Panama Canal should be fortified. An appropriation of \$19,000,000 is recommended for this purpose.

There must be no more "pork barrel" methods in river and harbor and public building bills. The latter should be based upon the report of a commission of experts. In the past Congress has ap-

(Continued on Page 4)

CHILD TORN FROM ARMS OF ITS MOTHER

Pathetic Scene When Babe Is Wrested From Parent's Custody

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—While the mother, Mrs. Wilma Deslerno, stood screaming with anguish, endeavoring to hold them off, while her husband argued and pleaded by her side, and while the child herself wept and cried and begged pitifully to be left with her mother, two strange men entered the home at 100 Blake street and took away little Frances Meschal, aged 8 years, this morning.

The little girl is the child of Mrs. Deslerno's first marriage and a year ago, when she obtained a decree of divorce from her husband, Eugene Meschal, it was decided that the baby should be placed in an institution. This was never done.

This morning, while the three occupants of the house were at breakfast, the door bell rang and two men presented the final decree, signed by the court, and told the woman that she must give up her child.

Shortly before noon Mrs. Deslerno entered Judge Graham's court.

"I want my child," she wailed, and his honor's attention being attracted to her, he learned her story and ordered an investigation.

MRS. EDDY TO BE BURIED THURSDAY

The Christian Science Leader's Body Will Be Interred in Mt. Auburn Cemetery.

No Successor Will Be Chosen to Replace Woman Who Founded Faith.

MRS. EDDY'S VIEW OF DEATH

If you or I should appear to die we should not be dead, and this seeming decease, caused by a majority of human beliefs that we must die, would not in the least disprove Christian Science; rather would it evidence the truth of its basic proposition that mortal thoughts in belief rule the materiality mis-called life in the body or in matter. But the forever fact remains paramount that Life, Truth and Love save from sin, disease and death. "When this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality (Divine Science), then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written: Death is swallowed up in victory" (St. Paul).—(Extract from Mrs. Eddy's book, "Science and Health.")

BOSTON, Dec. 6.—Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, head of the Christian Science Church, who died at her home at Chestnut Hill Saturday night, will be buried in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge.

The funeral will be held at 11 o'clock Thursday morning.

Those who attend will be Archibald McLellan, editor of the Christian Science publication, and perhaps the most powerful man in the church today; Alfred Fowler, chief of the publication committee, and the following members of Mrs. Eddy's household: Calvin A. Frye, Mrs. Laura E. Sargent, William F. Ruthven and his wife, Mrs. Ella F. Ruthven, the Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson and Alan H. Dickey.

Others who will have a place at the funeral ceremonies if they sit here in time will be George W. Glover and his

(Continued on Page 2)

DEMOLITION OF THE CITY HALL BEGUN

Superintendent of Police Wilson Wields Ax Like Experienced Woodman

The first ax fell upon the old City Hall this morning, and was wielded by Superintendent of Police Ad-hort Wilson. Superintendent Wilson, despite his three-score years, wielded the ax with agility, cutting away the supports of the old stairway on the east side of the building and assisting in working the small porch there.

This portion of the building, which juts out from the main structure, is to be removed to make room for the police department garage. The present garage, with its entrance in Fifteenth street, stands on the site of the proposed new City Hall and the work of excavating for this will be commenced this month.

An entrance to the city prison is to be made through one of the cells to bring prisoners from the patrol van on into the custody of the jail, and it is on this and the garage that the entrance under Judge Mortimer Smith's chambers is being cut. This necessitates the removal of an outside stairway, long abandoned and overgrown with vines.

Superintendent Wilson, accompanied by Inspector F. J. Lynch and several policemen, made the first attack on the old building, cutting away the entrance and ripping out the small porch. The workmen were then allowed to finish the destruction of the stairway in preparation for the garage.

Neck Was Broken By Blow of Fist

GRAND PRAIRIE, Tex., Dec. 6.—During a riotous encounter in a saloon between Dr. O. B. Nicholson, a local dentist, and Hugh Foster, an 18-year-old youth, Nicholson was felled by a blow. His neck was broken and he died with an hour.

LU ETTA SMITH AND HER CHILD



Secret Wedding Revealed By Bride's Chance Remark

As a culmination of a romance which began during their school days, Miss Hazel E. Reid and Francis W. Edwards slipped away to San Rafael October 28 and were married by Rev. Griffin N. Cutting of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The news of the marriage had been kept a secret from the families and friends of both young people, but it was revealed yesterday by a chance remark dropped by the bride.

The youthful bride has been living with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Reid, of 1221 Twelfth street, who had no suspicion of their daughter's secret marriage.

Both young people declare that "they did it for a lark," and that there was no opposition to the marriage from either family.

JUMPS OUT OF A WAGON; HIT BY AUTO

A. Alvis, Business Man of Oakland, Seriously Injured and May Die

Leaping from a milk wagon directly in the path of a speeding automobile, A. Alvis was hurled twenty feet through the air and alighted at the side of the boulevard on his side, suffering injuries which may prove fatal. The accident occurred about noon today on the boulevard near Fifth avenue, Dr. J. M. Shannon of 28 Orange street being the driver of the automobile. Alvis is a business man and lives at 424 Thirteenth street, and has been taken to the Shannon sanitarium by order of the physician.

An investigation was made by the police, and according to their findings it is not thought that Dr. Shannon is to blame for the accident.

Little is known concerning the injured man other than that he was well dressed. He is a married man. The injuries consist of bruises and lacerations and possible internal injuries, which may prove fatal.

New Commandant of Naval Training Station

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Captain C. B. T. Moore was appointed today by Secretary Meyer commandant of the naval training station at San Francisco. He succeeds Rear Admiral J. R. Milton, who was retired in October. Captain Moore has been serving as a member of the naval examining and rating board and will leave for his new place soon.

Magnates of the Bath Tub Trust Indicted

DETROIT, Dec. 6.—The federal grand jury here today indicted 32 individuals and 26 firms, alleged to control 85 per cent of the annual output of bathtubs in the United States.

ATTEMPTED MURDER TO BE AIRED

Woman Will Give Details of Physician's Alleged Effort to Kill Her

Ready to Take Stand and Relate Story of Midnight Dynamite Explosion

SANTA ROSA, Dec. 6.—With Lu Etta Smith carrying her baby into court and with Dr. Willard P. Burke sitting beside his counsel before Superior Judge Emmett Seawell, there began today what promises to be the most sensational criminal trial in the history of the West.

Burke was in most cheerful mood when he entered the court and he gave the merest glance at the woman who accused him of being the father of her child and of blowing up her tent in the dead of night in an effort to kill her and the baby.

EXPLOSION ON GROUND.

The explosion occurred on the grounds of Doctor Burke's sanitarium, seven miles outside the city, after, Lu Etta Smith had lived on the premises for a long period.

When the trial began this morning it was attended by a crowd that filled the courtroom and there were many persons on the sidewalk before the building. There were few women present and these were made to feel most uncomfortable by the gazes and remarks of the men of this section, who do not understand that trait of the feminine that leads thousands of city women to attend the morbid and sensational trials of persons accused of unusual crimes.

District Attorney Clarence Lea and Attorneys J. R. Leppo and W. F. Cowan, Doctor Burke's counsel, were on hand

(Continued on Page 2)

To the "Good Fellows" of Oakland

Last Christmas and New Year's eve you and I went out for a good time and spent from \$10.00 to \$200.00. Last Christmas morning over 3000 children awoke in our city to an empty stocking—the bitter pain or disappointment that Santa Claus had forgotten them. Perhaps it wasn't our fault. We had provided for our own. We had doubtless reflected in a passing way on those less fortunate than our own, but they were far off and we did not know how or where to find them. Perhaps in the numerous things we had to do some of us didn't think of the heart sorrow of the child over the empty stocking.

Now, old man, here's a chance. I have tried it for the past two years and ask you to consider it. Just send your name and address to THE TRIBUNE, stating how many children you are willing to protect against grief and sorrow over that empty stocking, inclose a 2-cent stamp and you will be furnished with the names and addresses, sex and age of that number of children. It is then up to you, you do the rest. Select your own present, spend 10 cents or \$10, and send or take your gifts to those children on Christmas eve. You do not have to pay a cent more than you want to—every cent is expended as you wish to expend it—every present goes just where you want it to go. You gain neither notoriety or advertising; you deal with no organization; no record will be kept; your letter will be returned to you with its answer. The whole plan is just as anonymous as old Santa Claus himself.

This is not a newspaper scheme. THE TRIBUNE was asked to aid in reaching the Good Fellows of this city by publishing this suggestion and to receive your communication in order that you may be assured of good faith and to preserve the anonymous character of this work. The identity of the writer of this appeal will not be disclosed. He only assumes the responsibility of finding the children and through THE TRIBUNE sending you their names and guaranteeing that whatever you bestow will be deserved.

The only satisfaction that you or I get out of this is the feeling that we have saved some child from sorrow on Christmas morning. If this is not enough for you, then you have wasted your time in reading this—it is not intended for you, but for the Good Fellows of Oakland.

Perhaps a 25-cent doll or a 10-cent tin whistle wouldn't mean much to the children you know, but to the child who would find them in the otherwise empty stocking they mean much—the difference between utter disappointment and the joy that Santa Claus did not forget them.

Here, old man, and Good Fellow, is a chance for you and me to get in. The charitable institutions attend to the bread and meat and other necessities, but let's you and the rest of the Good Fellows of Oakland furnish the real Christmas joy. Address Christmas Editor, TRIBUNE.

A GOOD FELLOW.

PROBE EFFORT TO SMUGGLE CHINESE

Many Dismissals Expected As
Result of Attempt to Run
Blockade.

Mongolians Sweated to Get at
White Men Responsible
for Crime.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—A searching investigation, the like of which has seldom disturbed the even tenor and businesslike administration of the custom house and immigration bureau, has been begun as the result of the attempt to smuggle seven Chinese slay girls and eight laborers into this city from the Oriental liner Manchuria, late Sunday night. All this morning the inquiry proceeded, the several officers and custom house officials who might in the remotest way know something of the affair were summoned and cross-examined as to every detail.

"There is nothing new in regard to this investigation," this morning, said Collector of the Port Frederick S. Barton when interviewed regarding the matter. "except to say that the rigid investigation is still being prosecuted, and that there will undoubtedly be dismissals as the result of the incidents. So far no additional arrests have been made and our inquiry has but begun."

SWEAT CHINESES.
The white confederates who were seen in a row boat and whose plying of the oars at an unearthly hour of the night first led to the detection of the attempt at wholesale smuggling of human freight, have thus far eluded the vigilance of the investigating officers. It is expected, however, that the careful sweating of the Chinese which is being conducted through an interpreter at the immigration station on Angel Island will result in the securing of valuable information which may bring about the desired result.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—Despite close questioning of some of the fifteen Chinamen captured as they were landing from the Pacific liner Manchuria late Sunday night, the immigration inspectors have failed to discover the means of escape used by the Mongolians, and the men responsible for their successful getaway. The steamer officials are responsible for the ease with which the men left the vessel in the belief of the immigration men and a strict investigation is being made as to the matter.

The capture was attended by a battle with two white men in skins, who had brought the Chinamen from the Pacific Mail steamer Manchuria at pier 41. The white men succeeded in making their escape after nine shots had been fired, but one of the boats was destroyed and the other abandoned near the Arctic Oil wharf.

FIELD FOR DEPORTATION.
The fifteen Chinese are being held at Angel Island for deportation. One of the women is suspected of being resident of the local Chinatown, whose duty in the plot was to act as guide to the newcomers and get them from the waterfront to Chinatown.

Suspensions from the service are almost sure to follow, and if the evidence can be secured the matter will be brought to the attention of the Federal grand jury.

Inspectors Freund, Kulemade, Gibbons and Rohrbacher were on duty on the Manchuria last night. They will be called upon to explain how it was that fifteen Chinese left the steamer without their having seen their departure.

The Pacific Mail Company also has watchmen and quartermasters, who were supposed to have been on duty at the time. They will also be called upon for explanations.

HEARD SOUND OF OARS.
At 11 o'clock customs men heard the sound of oars, evidently from a boat near the stern of the Manchuria, where she was lying at pier 41. Just at that moment the lights of a passing freighter illuminated the water and revealed two skiffs headed south.

The inspectors made their way across the Channel street bridge at the foot of Third street and across the Santa Fe tracks at China basin. When they reached the edge of the water again they came upon fifteen Chinese huddled together on the dock.

FOR YOUR BOY
We are showing some very special values in Boys' and Young Men's

CRAVENNETTES and OVERCOATS
Sizes 12 years to 16

\$10.00 and \$12.50 values \$6.00
Sizes 33, 34, 35, 36
\$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00 and \$22.50 values \$10.85

Some exceptional values in small suits, 33 to 37.
\$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50 and \$20.00 values \$7.85

ALTERATIONS FREE.
S. & H. Green Trading Stamps.

Mesmer-Smith Co.
The House of Merit.
1118-26 Washington Street.

Whatever Kind of Work You Do
Grape-Nuts
FOOD
Will help you do it better.
"There's a Reason."

MRS. EDDY WILL BE LAID TO FINAL REST THURSDAY

Simple Ceremony Will Mark Funeral of
Christian Science Leader, Which Will
Be Held From Former Home

(Continued from Page 1)

son and daughter; Dr. E. J. Foster Eddy, the adopted son of Mrs. Eddy; and General Frank S. Streeter of Concord, N. H., and Josiah E. Fernald, the executors of the will that General Streeter drew up for Mrs. Eddy some years ago. Virgil O. Strecker and Eugene R. Cox are expected here from New York for the funeral.

HER POEMS TO BE READ.

The ceremonies will be of the simplest character. Judge Clifford P. Smith, first reader of the Christian Science Church here, who made the announcement of Mrs. Eddy's death yesterday, will conduct them.

There will be prayers and readings from "Science and Health." Several of Mrs. Eddy's favorite poems will be read. These poems have not been extensively published, but Mrs. Eddy was fond of them.

Many of the minor members of the church were anxious that the funeral should take place in the Mother Church here, but the trustees of the Mother Church have determined that the funeral shall be as quiet as possible, as she wished. There will be no memorial service.

HANDLE CHURCH AFFAIRS.

In the meantime the directors of the church, A. Chas. McCall, Stephen A. Chase, Alton Stewart, John W. Pittman and Adam H. Dickey have taken full charge of the church management and the scope of their powers includes a full control of organization of finance and of discipline.

They are supreme in the mother church and control branch churches. All were the personal nominees of Mrs. Eddy and are well known to the church members. McCall is editor of the periodical issued in this city and is a native of Montclair, N. J. Chase is the treasurer of the Mother Church and a resident of Fall River, Mass. Stewart is the publisher of Mrs. Eddy's works and was born in Pennsylvania; Dickey, who is clerk of the organization, comes from Indianapolis, and Dickey, recently appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Ira O. Knapp, was Mrs. Eddy's private secretary for many years and came from Kansas City.

NO SIGNS OF GRIEF.

At the mansion at Chestnut Hill, where the body lies in an upper chamber, there are no outward signs of grief. There is no crape on the door, the window shades are up and the members of the household come and go as usual. The undertaker has performed his duties with the exception of laying the body in a casket.

Not in years have the leaders on the board of directors of the Mother Church in this city talked so freely of inner church matters as they did today. All of these statements, however, tended to minimize the effect of Mrs. Eddy's death.

They refer to it as a passing, a mere incident in the existence of their great leader. They do not even profess great grief over it, saying that the church regards such things as inevitable and as naturally resulting from the death of its members from one life to another.

They deplore the passing of the noted woman who has been a teacher to them and the source of their inspiration, but declare that her death cannot possibly affect the church organization.

They say there will be no successor to her, as she held no office save the office of teacher, which she held as a spiritual guide to her followers, bestowed upon them as they were ready to receive it.

Telegrams have been flowing in steadily from all parts of the world containing tributes.

SAY FORTUNE IS CHURCH'S.

The leaders declare that there is not the slightest doubt that Mrs. Eddy has left her entire personal fortune to the church. Since the "next friends" case of some years ago was adjudged by Mrs. Eddy's court, with the effect of annulling her adopted son and her grandchildren, it has been generally understood that all her fortune was to go to the church.

This, it is believed, includes all the funds in future editions of her work, while two boats were making off in the water.

On the possibility of fifteen Chinese being let down a rope ladder from the stern of the Manchuria, Colonel C. H. Binn, special deputy surveyor of customs, has this to say:

"It does not seem likely that fifteen Chinese, seven of whom are women, could be able to get over the stern of the Manchuria without being seen. There is one thing certain, either the parties who landed the Chinese were in collusion with the inspector at the gangplank, or some other person on the boat, or else these inspectors were asleep. It is about forty feet to the water from the stern of the Manchuria, and I hardly believe that all these Chinese, especially the women, could have climbed over the stern without being seen by some inspector or some one on the boat."

"BILLY" MALONEY HURT BY HIS PET STALLION.

MENLO PARK, Dec. 6.—William A. Billy Maloney, a politician of Menlo Park, was seriously and seriously injured early yesterday by his pet trotting stallion, and is in a serious condition at his home here.

Walking into the box stall Maloney began to rub the horse's glossy coat, when suddenly the beast reared on his hind legs and knocked its master to the floor.

The infuriated animal then fastened its teeth in Maloney's back, biting him severely in several places. Several men, attracted by Maloney's cries, came to his assistance, but were forced to hit the stallion on the head with an iron bar before they could release the injured man.

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"There's a Reason."

CHIHUAHUA'S GOVERNOR
INDUCTED INTO OFFICE

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Dec. 6.—Alberto Terrazas was inaugurated as governor of Chihuahua today, taking the oath of office in the presence of a small crowd of soldiers and inspectors. He has not yet met in the vicinity of San Andreas, although they are only a few miles apart.

Lived to be 105
But Couldn't Give
Secret of Health

EBENBERG, Pa., Dec. 6.—Pressed by friends for the reason of his good health and long age, James Gallagher, who died here yesterday at the age of 105 years, was at a loss for an answer. He never touched liquor and a clay pipe was his constant companion. Death was due to a stroke of apoplexy. He had never been sick a day before.

Gallagher was born in Donegal, Ireland, February 2, 1805, came to this country in 1840 and became one of the pioneers of the little mountain town in which he died. For many years he was a railroad contractor and acquired a fortune in that business.

"Science and Health." Each year this book is revised.

It is estimated that from 200,000 to 300,000 subscriptions are received each year. The profits have always gone to Mrs. Eddy personally.

George W. Glover, her son, with one of his sons and his daughter is hurrying here from Lead, S. D., and is expected Wednesday. Until he gets here it is impossible to tell whether any claims on the estate will be made by the few relatives of Mrs. Eddy.

Alfred Farnham, who was Mrs. Eddy's influence was dominating until the last, indicating as an example the appointment at her request within the last two weeks of Adam H. Dickey as trustee of the Mother Church to succeed Ira A. Knapp, deceased.

Farnham said: "There will be no new leader of the Christian Science faith. None is needed. The church at large will be conducted in the future under the influence of the present institution here in Boston."

"Mrs. Eddy's death has not changed the situation which has existed ever since her retirement nine years ago. All matters of discipline and supreme power are in the hands of the Mother Church."

"Who is now considered the most important figure in the church?" was asked. "You couldn't get any Christian Scientist to answer that question," was the answer. "The whole teaching discourages the elevation of individuals and the idea of leaders who make themselves conspicuous. Mrs. Eddy was a leader, but she was also the founder, and her leadership continued naturally."

NO MEMORIAL SERVICE PLANS.

No arrangements have as yet been made by the members of the First Christian Church at Seventeenth and Franklin streets for memorial services in honor of Mary Baker Eddy, as the officers are awaiting instructions from the Mother Church in Boston. As soon as word has been received L. T. Haskell, first reader in the church, will probably hold special services, but in keeping with the expressed desire of Mrs. Eddy, they will be very simple in nature.

SIMPLE SERVICE.

Unless Glover interposes an objection it is expected that the services at the mansion Thursday will follow the general lines of the regular Sunday service in all Christian Science churches. There will be recitation of the Lord's prayer by those present, with its "spiritual interpretation" as given in the Christian Science text book, by Clifford P. Smith, first reader of the mother church.

Smith also will read selections from the same text book and Mrs. H. M. Hunt, the solicitor at the mother church, will read the service which will close with the reading of the scientific statement of "Being" and the benediction.

Only Mrs. Eddy's immediate household, her relatives and the officials of the church will be present.

Many Killed in
Battle at Parrot

Merchant Says Long Range Rifles
Did Great Damage Among
Federal Troops.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Dec. 6.—A prominent merchant who returned today from a trip through the districts in Mexico where the revolutionaries are getting that at Parrot he says the bodies of eleven dead rebels which were exposed by the authorities as examples to Matamoros, Buller.

The same man was one of 200 people who went out to Chihuahua to see the battle there. He says that the rebels used long range rifles with such effect that a large number of the government troops were killed.

The bullets peppered the hillside so thickly that the assembled spectators took fright and fled from the heights while the battle was at its hottest.

DISTRIBUTION OF BALDWIN
ESTATE IS DELAYED

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Beatrice Anita Turnbull has secured a delay in the hearing of her suit for a daughter's share in E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin's estate after a long legal skirmish. She claims Baldwin was her father and that she is entitled to a share of the property. The postponement was ordered because of the inability of Walter B. Grant of Boston, an attorney for the alleged heir, to reach Los Angeles at the date originally set for the hearing of the petition.

Judge Rivers continued the case until December 12.

The action of the court in granting the continuance will prevent a partial distribution of the estate as asked by Mrs. Clara Baldwin Stowell and Mrs. Anita Baldwin McLaughlin of San Francisco, the millionaire's daughters.

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ESTRADA INVITES EXILES TO RETURN

Provisional President of Nicaragua
Will Issue Decree
of Amnesty

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—General Estrada, the provisional president of Nicaragua, will issue a decree soon inviting all Nicaraguan exiles to return to their country.

This information reached the State Department today in a telegram from Thomas P. Moffatt, American consul at Bluefields, who is now at Managua as the representative of the United States pending the resumption of diplomatic relations. Moffatt said the political situation continued to improve.

Dr. Salvador Castillio, who has been appointed representative of the Nicaraguan government in Washington to succeed David Arellano, left for his post yesterday.

Fireman Saves Lives
of His Own Family

Harlem Blaze Fighter Responds
to Call and Finds Home

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—When a Harlem fire company responded to an alarm late last night, fireman John Timony got out of a truck in flames when he saw his fire was in the building in which he lived.

Running through smoke-filled halls, he found his wife and two children frightened to move.

He carried out the children and guided his wife to safety at the same time. Several other families were rescued.

DEPEW, N. Y., Dec. 6.—A new brick building which was to have been occupied by the office force of the New York Central Company's engine repair works was burned early today. The loss is \$100,000. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

Drops to Death
From Ninth Story

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 6.—Fighting off other girl employees, and with a well-learned good-bye and smile on her lips, Adeline E. Johnson, 22 years of age, hung for a moment from the ninth story of the textile building at Fourth and Elm streets, then dropped to the pavement.

When Miss Johnson started for the window several other employees in the room tried to drag her away. "Miss Johnson" cried the girl, as she fought away.

It is said that she will die.

Judge Thornton Is
Chosen U. S. Senator

BATON ROUGE, La., Dec. 6.—Judge J. R. Thornton of Alexandria was elected today by the Louisiana general assembly to succeed the late United States Senator McIlhenny.

The candidate in the field were Judge J. R. Thornton of Alexandria; Congressman R. F. Bruns of New Orleans; E. B. Thomas and John D. Williams of Shreveport.

DIVORCED COUPLE IN
DISPUTE OVER CHILDREN

SAN DIEGO, Dec. 6.—Richard Martin, arrested in San Diego on a charge of kidnapping and held by his divorced wife at Pryor Creek, Okla., was granted a writ of habeas corpus this morning and the hearing on the writ will take place tomorrow. Martin charged that the kidnapping which he was arrested on is really a copy of a warrant issued by a justice in Oklahoma without authority.

He also declared that at the time of the divorce he was awarded the custody of his son and his wife the custody of a daughter.

Afterwards, he says, he and his former wife entered into a written agreement to exchange children and that now his former wife has begun proceedings in the hope that she may gain custody of both children.

DR. BURKE FACES
LU ET TA SMITH

Woman Will Take Stand and
Tell of Midnight Dynamite
Explosion.

(Continued from Page 1)

early and both made careful scrutiny of the eighty men who had been called to be examined as to their availability to sit on the jury into whose hands the fate of Doctor Burke will be placed and before whom Lu Etta Smith is expected to detail the incidents of a remarkable career.

It was freely promised this morning that the stories to be told the jury during the trial will be sensational enough to satisfy the most morbid.

LU ET TA SMITH GUARDED.

Lu Etta Smith has been under close guard since her return to Santa Rosa, N. J., where she went, she said, at the solicitation of persons whose interest in her affairs have been aroused since the dynamiting of her tent and the arrest of Doctor Burke.

All efforts to interview the complainant in the case on this point have been frustrated by the district attorney's office, and it is not known whether Mrs. Marian Derrig, who, Lu Etta Smith said, months ago furnished her with money to go to Japan, is within call by the district attorney, though it is generally believed that state authorities have failed to find a trace of her.

Both sides have made most elaborate preparations of the case, and a canvass of what they promise in the way of witnesses shows that at least 100 persons will be placed on the stand by both sides.

State Constitution
Will Serve Awhile

Bar Association Opposes Calling
Convention to Frame New
Organic Act.

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LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 6.—Whether California ought to have a new constitution is a question that will be debated at the opening session of its first annual meeting in Blanchard Hall in this city today. It finally went on record against holding a constitutional convention.

A committee of constitutional amendments itself was held divided on the question. J. A. Gibson of Los Angeles and Grove L. Johnson of Sacramento signed a report opposing the calling of a constitutional convention, while the other three members, Frank P. Deering and R. S. Gray of San Francisco and A. F. Jones of Butte, opposed such action.

Judge Gibson, in presenting his proposal, the report, argued that the present constitution has been amended seventy-seven times since 1882, eight times in the last election. The report which he and Grove L. Johnson signed urged that no legislature be asked to submit to the people the question of calling a constitutional convention.

Drexel Gives Up All
Claim to a Record

Aviator to Return in 1911 for Another
Trial at "Highest
Up" Figures.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—J. Armstrong Drexel, aviator, who is in New York preparing to sail for England this week, announces that he will make no further effort to have his Philadelphia flight considered a world's record.

Under the rules of the International Aeronautic Federation an official record for altitude must be at least 100 meters, or 328 feet in excess of the previous record.

Drexel will return to the United States early in 1911 and will then make another flight in the hope of gaining the desired record, which will have to be 10,412 feet or more.

ENGINEER ON STAND.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—In the hearing today before Master in Chancery Wilgert of the question of fact in the answer of the City of Sacramento to the petition of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company for an injunction restraining the city from interfering with its tracks on the Sacramento River front, Division Engineer Herrington of the railroad was recalled for further direct examination.

Money-Raising Sale

Owing to the backward season we find ourselves overstocked and in order to raise cash to meet our obligations we are compelled to offer our entire stock of Cloaks, Suits and Furs at a big sacrifice. This is not mere paper talk—we simply must convert our stock into cash at once. All we ask you is to call at our store and price our goods and compare same with others, and we feel satisfied that you will come back and make your purchases here. This sale will be long remembered by the ladies of Oakland and vicinity as the greatest genuine money-saving sale ever offered in Oakland for high-grade merchandise. Call early and make your selections while stock is complete. Note our window displays and prices and you will see at a glance that our stock is new and up-to-date. This season's goods at prices far below any other house in the city.

A FEW OF OUR MANY SPECIALS

LADIES' SILK PETTICOATS in plain and fancy colors: regular \$5.50—Sale price \$3.75
A large assortment of **LADIES' SILK WAISTS** in plaids and plain colors: good values at \$6—Sale price \$3.95

LADIES' BLACK SATEN PETTICOATS—Sold regularly at \$1.50—Sale price .95 cents
LADIES' LINEN and MADRAS CLOTH WAISTS—Well worth \$1.50—Sale price .95 cents

A full line of **Ladies' and Misses' Fine Tailored Suits, Dresses, Coats and Capes**, in all shades and materials, including fur, caracul and pony coats, at less than cost. Fur Sets and Scarfs to clear out at less than manufacturer's cost.

THE
Grand Leader Cloak and Suit House
1249 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

Sixteen Shopping Days to Xmas Don't Delay



Any man or boy can use and appreciate one of our special sets of

Hose, Handkerchiefs and Tie to Match

A 50c Poplin Tie, a 50c Silk Hose, a 50c Handkerchief, to match, in fancy box, \$1.50 per box.

A 50c Poplin Tie, a 50c Silk Hose to match in fancy box, \$1.00 per box.

A 50c Poplin Tie, a 50c Silk Handkerchief to match in fancy box, \$1.00 per box.

A \$1.00 Bengaline Tie, a 50c Silk Hose, a 50c Silk Handkerchief, packed in a beautiful leather necktie case, colors of case to match contents, \$2.50.

A 50c Poplin Tie, a 50c Silk Hose; same style case, \$1.00.

Handkerchiefs
Men's Plain or Initial Hemstitched Cambric Handkerchiefs, 6 in box \$1.00 per box
Men's Plain or Initial Hemstitched Imported Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, 6 in box \$1.50 per box
Men's Plain or Initial Hemstitched Imported Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, extra fine, 6 in box \$3.00 per box
Men's Plain or Initial Hem

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PRESIDENT TAFT REVIEWS NATIONAL AFFAIRS

NEEDS OF COUNTRY CLEARLY SET FORTH

Chief Executive Sends Business Like Message for Guidance of the Federal Congress

(Continued from Page 1)

appropriated too much for buildings not needed and not enough for buildings badly needed.

Recommendation for anti-trust and federal incorporation laws are renewed.

It is proposed that second-class mail rates shall be readjusted so as to charge magazines a much higher rate on their advertising sections.

Banking and Currency

Strong representations are made for the establishment of a new banking and currency system.

Two new battleships and several auxiliary vessels are urged for the navy.

The President recommends that coal, phosphate and oil lands and water power sites be disposed of in the future by leasing.

Estimates for Government expenditures during the next fiscal year have been cut to \$630,494,013.12, which is \$52,964,887.36 less than the actual appropriations for the current year. The estimated receipts for the next fiscal year are \$680,000,000.

The Foreign Service

The President urges the extension of the civil service principle to the diplomatic and consular corps and the acquisition by the Government of residences and offices for its diplomatic officers.

Some criticisms of the Payne tariff act are just, says the President, but more are unfounded.

There should be more officers for the army. The engineer corps should be increased by six.

The fortifications at Corregidor Island, Manila Bay and at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, should be carried to early completion.

The Panama Canal

Regarding the Panama Canal, the President says:

The progress of the work is most satisfactory. It will be completed well within the time set, January 1, 1915, and within the estimated cost of \$375,000,000. The slides in Culebra Cut offer no great reason for delay.

Failure to fortify the canal would leave the United States powerless to enforce the universal and equal use of the waterway against a desperate and irresponsible enemy and would defeat the object of the canal in increasing the military effectiveness of the American navy.

Tolls Should Be Low

The tolls should not exceed \$1 per net ton. The President should be authorized to adjust the rates as necessity arises. The Government should include in its management of the canal the furnishing not only to the navy, but to the public as well, of dry-docks and repair facilities and the sale of coal, oil and other ship supplies.

Interstate railroads should be prevented from owning or controlling ships trading through the canal.

Regarding the Courts

Regarding the courts the President declares the crying need of the United States is cheapening the cost of litigation by simplifying judicial procedure and expediting final judgment. The Supreme Court should be relieved from unnecessary appeals. The salaries of federal judges should be increased.

Postal savings banks will be established in a number of cities January 1st. A parcel post on rural delivery routes is recommended. Postmaster General Hitchcock is given high praise for putting the Postoffice Department on a self-sustaining basis. The examination of the civil service to include all classes of postmasters, and thus taking these officials entirely out of politics, is urged.

Recognition For Peary

The President recommends Congress to give some fitting recognition of the polar discoveries of Commander Robert E. Peary. The Secretary of the Navy suggests that Peary be made a rear-admiral and placed on the retired list.

Agricultural Products

The stupendous value of the agriculture products, amounting to \$8,926,000,000 this year, indicates a good prospect for business throughout the country.

The present census promises to be the best ever taken, but is not perfect.

The census takers are to be vigorously prosecuted.

A bureau of health should be established.

Imperial Valley Project

The Southern Pacific Railway should be reimbursed for its expenditures in fighting the flood in the Imperial Valley of California several years ago. Heavier taxes should be imposed against steamship companies for violating the immigration laws. The facilities at Ellis Island, N. Y., should not be so increased as to offer an inducement to steamship companies to concentrate their immigrant business to this port. Immigrants are needed in rural districts.

Some provision should be made for relieving superannuated government clerks.

The only amendments suggested in the interstate commerce law are an appropriation to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to advance the valuation of railroads and fixing the responsibilities of public carriers in the issuance of bills of lading.



WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, President of the United States

presented to the court in support of our case by Mr. Taft's foot.

VENEZUELA AWARD

The United States constitution of the United States and Venezuela has been the subject of a long and arduous struggle. The United States has been the subject of a long and arduous struggle. The United States has been the subject of a long and arduous struggle.

In a case of grave doubt as to whether the United States should be bound by the decision of the United States Supreme Court, the President has decided to refer the matter to the United States Supreme Court.

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PRESIDENT WOULD RECOGNIZE PEARY'S DISCOVERY OF POLE

The complete success of our country in Arctic exploration should not remain unnoticed. The unparalleled achievement of Peary in reaching the North Pole, April 6, 1909, approved by critical examination of the most expert scientists, has added to the distinction of our navy to which he belongs, and reflects credit upon his country. His unique success has received generous acknowledgment from scientific bodies and institutions of learning in Europe and America. I recommend fitting recognition by Congress of the great achievement of Robert Edwin Peary.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

AMERICAN CAPITAL

The policy of the government in these matters has been to encourage the development of American capital in the various countries of the world. The government has been successful in this policy, and the American capital has been able to secure the best of the various countries of the world.

PORTUGAL

In October last the monarch of Portugal was crowned in a magnificent ceremony. The monarch was crowned in a magnificent ceremony. The monarch was crowned in a magnificent ceremony.

LIBERIA

The negotiations with the government of Liberia have been successful. The negotiations with the government of Liberia have been successful. The negotiations with the government of Liberia have been successful.

THE NEAR EAST

Turkey—Reference is made to the President's declaration of the Ottoman Empire. The President's declaration of the Ottoman Empire. The President's declaration of the Ottoman Empire.

THE FAR EAST

The center of interest in the far east is the Chinese revolution. The Chinese revolution. The Chinese revolution. The Chinese revolution.

ANNEXATION OF KOREA

The treaty annexing Korea to the empire of Japan was proclaimed August 22, 1910. The treaty annexing Korea to the empire of Japan was proclaimed August 22, 1910.

RAILWAYS OF CHINA

The application of the principle in regard to the railways of China. The application of the principle in regard to the railways of China. The application of the principle in regard to the railways of China.

PEACE COMMISSION

Appointing the enlightened tendency to the peace commission. The peace commission. The peace commission. The peace commission.

IMPORTANT TREATIES

Several important treaties have been negotiated with Great Britain in the past 12 months. The treaties have been negotiated with Great Britain in the past 12 months.

MEXICAN BOUNDARY

There has been a new treaty between the United States and Mexico. The treaty between the United States and Mexico. The treaty between the United States and Mexico.

NICARAGUA REVOLUTION

During the past year the Republic of Nicaragua has been the scene of a revolution. The revolution in Nicaragua. The revolution in Nicaragua. The revolution in Nicaragua.

PLAIN TALK AS TO REVISION OF TARIFF

Work if Done at All Must be by Taking One Schedule at a Time With Full Information

AVOIDING SHOCK TO BUSINESS; TAKING UP TARIFF BY SCHEDULES

The halt in business and the shock to business, due to the announcement that a new tariff bill is to be prepared and put in operation, will be avoided by treating the schedules one by one as occasion shall arise for a change in the rates of each, and only after a report upon the schedule by the tariff board competent to make such report. It is not likely that the board will be able to make a report during the present session of Congress on any of the schedules.

If a proposed amendment to a tariff bill is to involve a complete consideration of all the schedules and another revision, then we shall only repeat the evil from which the business of this country has in times past suffered most grievously by stagnation and uncertainty, pending a resettlement of a law affecting all business directly, and the effect of which no wise business man would ignore in new projects and new investments.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

LATIN AMERICA

During the past year several of our Latin American republics have celebrated their centennial anniversary. The centennial anniversary of the United States. The centennial anniversary of the United States.

TARIFF NEGOTIATIONS

The new tariff law in section two respecting the maximum and minimum rates of the United States. The new tariff law in section two respecting the maximum and minimum rates of the United States.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS

President Taft refers to the work of the Pan-American conference which met in Buenos Aires in 1910 and August last. The Pan-American conference which met in Buenos Aires in 1910 and August last.

PERU AND ECUADOR

I am glad to see that the action of the United States in its desire to secure the peaceful settlement of the dispute between Peru and Ecuador, growing out of a boundary dispute with the cooperation of the United States and the Republic of Peru, has resulted in a successful conclusion.

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THE LIVER PILLS act So Naturally and Easily.

Such a statement, coming from the cashier of a bank, shows what confidence responsible people have in these pills. Mr. A. L. Wilson after trying them wrote:

"I have used Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and also your Anti-Pain Pills, on myself, with good results. The Liver Pills act so naturally and so easily that I scarcely know that I have taken a pill. Frequently being troubled with headache I take an Anti-Pain Pill and get immediate relief in every case."

A. L. Wilson, Sparta, Ill.

Mr. Wilson was for a number of years cashier of the First National Bank of Sparta.

Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

are different from others. Many kinds of liver pills are "impossible," after one trial on account of their harshness. Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills do not act by sheer force but in an easy, natural way, without gripping or undue irritation. They are not habit forming.

If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return the price. Ask him.

MILES MEDICAL CO., ELKHART, IND.

THE MESSAGE

To the Senate and House of Representatives. During the past year the foreign relations of the United States have continued upon a basis of friendship and good understanding.

ARBITRATION

The year has been notable as witnessing the peaceful settlement of two important international controversies before the permanent court of The Hague. The arbitration of the fisheries dispute between the United States and Great Britain, which has been the source of nearly continuous diplomatic correspondence.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE," that is

Laxative Bromo Quinine. Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days.

W. L. Brown

Baby's Voice

Friend. This great remedy preps the expectant mother's system for the coming event, and as it makes her comfortable during all the term. Mother's Friend assists nature in gradually expanding all tissues, muscles and tendons, it strengthens the ligaments, keeps the breasts in good condition, and brings the woman to the crisis in healthful physical condition. The regular use of Mother's Friend lessens the pain when baby comes, and assures a quick and natural recovery for the mother. For sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

APPEAL TO RESTORE OLD GLORY ON THE SEAS

TAFT FOR SUBSTANTIAL AID TO MERCHANT MARINE

Measure Advocated as Military Necessity
As Well as for Means of Adding
to Wealth of the Nation

The tariff law as thus far proved a guarantee of continued commercial success although there are lower tariff rates than in the past. The tariff law as thus far proved a guarantee of continued commercial success although there are lower tariff rates than in the past.

TRADE WITH CANADA

The policy of freer and closer trade relations with the Dominion of Canada which was initiated in the adjustment of the tariff act of 1902, has proved mutually beneficial. It has furthered the trade of the two countries so that their commerce may follow the channels natural to contiguous countries and be commensurate with the steady expansion of trade and industry in both sides of the border. The reciprocal government of the Dominion of Canada has expressed by this government was followed in October by the suspension of the tariff which had been temporarily suspended during the summer recess. In accordance with this suggestion the Secretary of State has directed the Department of State to confer with the Dominion of Canada in regard to the formulation of a reciprocal trade agreement which might be necessary to carry out the reciprocal government which has been formulated.

PROMPT ACTION NEEDED

Unless prompt action be taken the completion of the Panama canal will find it is the only great commercial nation unable to avail itself in international maritime business of this great contribution to the means of the world's commercial intercourse. Quite aside from the commercial aspect unless we create a merchant marine reserve and where could we find, in case of war, the transports and subsidiary vessels without which a naval fleet is almost without a body? For many reasons I cannot too strongly urge upon the Congress the passage of a measure by which the establishment and rapid development of an American merchant marine, the restoration of the American flag to its ancient place upon the seas.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

RIGHTS OF ALIENS

With our increasing international intercourse it becomes incumbent upon us to consider more emphatically than ever the rights of the alien. It is the duty of the government to protect the rights of the alien and to see that the alien is not treated as a second class citizen. The government should take prompt action to protect the rights of the alien and to see that the alien is not treated as a second class citizen.

DIPLOMATIC SERVICE

The marked improvement in the diplomatic service during the past year is a source of pride to the government. The service has been improved in many ways, and the government should continue to support it. The service has been improved in many ways, and the government should continue to support it.

NEXT YEAR'S EXPENSES

The estimate for the year ending June 30, 1913, has been submitted to the Congress. The estimate shows a decrease in expenses for many departments, but an increase for others. The government should carefully consider the estimate and make necessary adjustments.

THE MERCHANT MARINE

Another instrumentality indispensable to the unhampered and natural development of American commerce is merchant marine. All maritime and commercial nations recognize the importance of this factor. The greatest commercial nations, our competitors, jealously foster their merchant marine. Unless prompt action is taken the completion of the Panama canal will find it is the only great commercial nation unable to avail itself in international maritime business of this great contribution to the means of the world's commercial intercourse.

NEED OF MERCHANT MARINE URGED BY PRESIDENT TAFT IN HIS MESSAGE

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REORGANIZING TREASURY

The Treasury Department is one of the most important departments of the government. It is responsible for the collection and disbursement of the government's funds. The department has been reorganized to improve its efficiency and to better serve the needs of the government.

ARMY DURING PEACE SHOULD BE MINIMIZED

The general plan for an army of the United States at peace should be that of a skeleton organization with an excess of trained officers and thus capable of rapid enlargement by enlistments to be supplemented in emergency by the national militia and a volunteer force.—Excerpt from President Taft's message.

PAYNE TARIFF ACT

The schedule of the rates of duty in the Payne tariff act has been a subject of much discussion. The act provides for a reduction in the rates of duty on many goods, which is expected to stimulate trade and industry.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

In our public buildings we still suffer from the method of appropriation which has been so much criticised. The method of appropriation should be improved to ensure that public buildings are built in a more efficient and economical manner.

TARIFF BOARD

The time in which the tariff was prepared undoubtedly was so short as to make it impossible for the Congress and the public to acquire the necessary knowledge to make a proper judgment of the tariff. The tariff board should be established to provide for a more thorough and systematic review of the tariff.

AVOID BUSINESS SHOCK

The halt in business and the shock to business due to the announcement of a new tariff bill is a matter of great concern. The government should take steps to avoid such a shock and to ensure that business is not unduly disrupted.

CORPORATION TAX

As the Treasury Department is the government's financial agent, it is its duty to see that the government's funds are properly collected and disbursed. The corporation tax is a source of revenue for the government, and it is important that it be properly administered.

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AVOID BUSINESS SHOCK

The halt in business and the shock to business due to the announcement of a new tariff bill is a matter of great concern. The government should take steps to avoid such a shock and to ensure that business is not unduly disrupted.

CORPORATION TAX

As the Treasury Department is the government's financial agent, it is its duty to see that the government's funds are properly collected and disbursed. The corporation tax is a source of revenue for the government, and it is important that it be properly administered.

REORGANIZING TREASURY

The Treasury Department is one of the most important departments of the government. It is responsible for the collection and disbursement of the government's funds. The department has been reorganized to improve its efficiency and to better serve the needs of the government.

ARMY DURING PEACE SHOULD BE MINIMIZED

The general plan for an army of the United States at peace should be that of a skeleton organization with an excess of trained officers and thus capable of rapid enlargement by enlistments to be supplemented in emergency by the national militia and a volunteer force.—Excerpt from President Taft's message.

PAYNE TARIFF ACT

The schedule of the rates of duty in the Payne tariff act has been a subject of much discussion. The act provides for a reduction in the rates of duty on many goods, which is expected to stimulate trade and industry.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

In our public buildings we still suffer from the method of appropriation which has been so much criticised. The method of appropriation should be improved to ensure that public buildings are built in a more efficient and economical manner.

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INVESTMENT IN CANAL WASTED WITHOUT SHIPPING

No Time Should Be Lost in Regaining the Ocean Commerce Formerly Heritage of the American People

Another revision, then we shall only repeat the evil from which the business of this country has in times past suffered most grievously by stagnation and uncertainty, pending the settlement of a law affecting all business directly, and the effect of which no wise business man would ignore in new projects and new investments.

become its most important constituent. There is no time to be lost in regaining the ocean commerce formerly heritage of the American people. The investment in the canal is wasted unless it is followed by a corresponding investment in shipping.

BENEFIT OF PLAN

I cannot too much emphasize the importance and benefit of the plan above proposed for the treatment of the tariff. It is a plan which will result in a more efficient and economical administration of the tariff, and it will also result in a more thorough and systematic review of the tariff.

PERMANENT COMMISSION

I am strongly convinced that we need in this general subject a permanent commission. The commission should be composed of representatives of the various interests affected by the tariff, and it should be empowered to make recommendations to the Congress.

BANKING AND CURRENCY

The method of preparing a preliminary study by experts as a preliminary to legislation which I hope to see ultimately adopted as a fixed national policy will be a most valuable and useful one. It will enable the Congress to make a more informed decision on the matter.

WAR DEPARTMENT

The War Department has within its jurisdiction the management of the army and the preparation of the military budget. It is the duty of the War Department to see that the army is properly equipped and that the military budget is properly administered.

MILITIA SYSTEM

The militia system is a source of strength to the nation. It is the duty of the government to see that the militia is properly trained and equipped, and that it is able to respond to the needs of the nation in times of emergency.

FORTIFICATIONS

The fortifications of the United States are a source of defense for the nation. It is the duty of the government to see that the fortifications are properly maintained and that they are able to provide adequate defense for the nation.

VOLUNTEER FORCE

The volunteer force is a source of strength to the nation. It is the duty of the government to see that the volunteer force is properly trained and equipped, and that it is able to respond to the needs of the nation in times of emergency.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

The Philippine Islands are a source of strength to the nation. It is the duty of the government to see that the Philippine Islands are properly maintained and that they are able to provide adequate defense for the nation.

WOULD WATCH EFFECT OF LEGISLATION REGULATING CORPORATIONS OF AMERICA

In other words, it seems to me that the existing legislation with reference to the regulation of corporations and the restraint of their business has reached a point where we can stop for a while and witness the effect of the vigorous execution of the laws on the statute books in restraining the abuses which certainly did exist and which roused the public to demand reform. If this test develops a need for further legislation, well and good, but until then let us execute what we have.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

CAN YOU ASK MORE?

We are so silent that we can't hear the relief for Congress and the people. We are so silent that we can't hear the relief for Congress and the people. We are so silent that we can't hear the relief for Congress and the people.

PANAMA CANAL EXPENSE

The figures do not include the Panama Canal. The figures do not include the Panama Canal. The figures do not include the Panama Canal.

PANAMA CANAL MUST BE FORTIFIED

PARSECING POLICY REGARDING CANAL

Tolls Must Be Made as Low as Can Be Figured and Without Expectation of Realizing Interest

of the Philippines and has opened the Philippine markets to American manufacturers. The rapid increase in the trade between the two countries is shown in the following table:

Year	United States	Other Countries	Total
1906	\$10,974,331	\$22,437,241	\$33,411,572
1907	10,231,321	20,982,057	31,213,378
1908	18,741,771	11,122,555	29,864,326

Note: Latest monthly returns show exports for the year ending August, 1910, to the United States, \$3,049,987, or 48 per cent of the \$10,076,735 against \$11,021,748 to the United States, or 31 per cent of the \$35,257,731 total for the year ending August, 1909.

Philippine imports for the fiscal years of 1908-1910, exclusive of gold and silver and Government supplies:

Year	United States	Other Countries	Total
1908	\$5,079,497	\$2,838,870	\$7,918,367
1909	4,691,770	2,190,827	6,882,597
1910	10,743,301	26,293,329	37,036,630

Note: Latest monthly returns show imports for the year ending August, 1910, from the United States, \$1,619,582, or 39 per cent of the \$3,923,687 total, against \$6,139,419 from the United States, or 60 per cent of the \$10,145,011 total for the year ending August, 1909.

PORTO RICO

The year has been one of prosperity and progress in Porto Rico. Certain political changes are being made in the island to provide a civil government for Porto Rico and for other purposes which passed the House of Representatives June 15, 1910. The last session of Congress and is now awaiting the action of the Senate.

The importance of these features of this bill relating to public health and sanitary control is being emphasized. The removal from politics of the judiciary by providing for the appointment of the municipal judges is excellent and I recommend its early consideration and passage.

I believe that the provision in the bill for a partial elective Senate, the number of elective members being progressively increased is wise and that the composition of the Senate as provided in the bill as introduced in the House is better than conditions existing in Porto Rico. This is an important measure and I recommend its early consideration and passage.

RIVERS AND HARBORS

I have already expressed my opinion to Congress in respect to the character of the river and harbor bills, which should be enacted into law, and I have exercised as much power as I have under the law in directing the Chief of Engineers to make his report in the committee framing such a bill in determining which of the proposed improvements is the most important and ought to be completed first and promptly.

PANAMA CANAL

At the instance of Colonel Goe, the army engineer officer in charge of the work on the Panama Canal, I have just made a visit to the Isthmus to inspect the work done and to consult with him on the ground as to certain problems which are likely to arise in the near future.

The progress of the work is most satisfactory. If no unexpected obstacle presents itself, the canal will be completed within the time fixed by the contract, to wit, January 1, 1915, and within the estimate of cost \$375,000,000.

Press reports have reached the United States from time to time stating that counts of slides or earth of very large magnitude in the Culebra Cut and elsewhere along the line of the canal, which it will be inferred that the work has been much retarded and that the time of completion has been necessarily postponed.

CULEBRA CUT

The report of Major Haves of the Geological Survey which I sent to you the last month to the Isthmus to make an investigation shows that the slides are not of the magnitude which was feared. The result of the investigation is that the slides are of the nature of landslides and are not of the magnitude which was feared. The result of the investigation is that the slides are of the nature of landslides and are not of the magnitude which was feared.

MAN'S GREATEST ASSET

is physical strength and health. The broad winner cannot afford to give it up.

It is a vital necessity that he keep his nervous and muscular system in good condition to withstand the daily wear and tear of life.

Those who are run down, feel a nervous should remember that a thin excels Vinol which is a combination of the medicinal elements of the cod liver oil and tonic from the finest of the cod liver oil, create an appetite and restore blood and restore strength.

Prof. James Mitchell of Jasper, Ont. says his system was run down to a certain point from overwork and a fall to him to take Vinol. He did so and now he is the perfect health and he considers Vinol a wonderful tonic. (We guarantee this testimonial to be genuine.)

We ask every run down or overworked weak person to take Vinol to try to see if it will not be returned if it does not do all we claim. The Owl Drug Co., Chicago, Ill.

PRESIDENT AGAIN URGES NATION TO FORTIFY THE PANAMA CANAL

Among questions arising for present solution is the decision whether the canal shall be fortified. I have already stated to the Congress that I strongly favor fortification and I now reiterate this opinion, and ask your consideration of the subject in the light of the report already before you made by a competent board.

If, in our discretion, we believe modern fortifications to be necessary to the adequate protection and policing of the canal, then it is our duty to construct them. We have built the canal. It is our property. By convention we have indicated our desire for and indeed undertaken the universal and equal use. It is also well known that one of the chief objects in the construction of the canal has been to increase the military effectiveness of our navy.

Failure to fortify the canal would leave the attainment of both these aims in the position of rights and obligations which we should be powerless to enforce and which could never in any other way be absolutely safeguarded against a desperate and irresponsible enemy.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

FOREIGN TRADE MERITS SUPPORT OF GOVERNMENT

Our foreign trade merits the best support of the government and the most earnest endeavor of our manufacturers and merchants, who, if they do not already, in all cases, need a foreign market, are certain soon to become dependent upon it. Therefore, now is the time to secure a strong position in this field. I cannot leave this subject without emphasizing the necessity of such legislation as will make possible and convenient the establishment of American banks and branches of American banks in foreign countries. Only by such means can our foreign trade be favorably financed.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

MAINTENANCE

The maintenance of a lock canal of this enormous size in a sparsely populated country and in the tropics where the danger from disease is always present requires a large and complete and well trained organization with full powers extending to the utmost limits of the canal and who is empowered to enforce the law of the United States and to take such action as may be necessary to maintain the canal in a state of perfect efficiency.

HOW TO DETERMINE

In determining what the tolls should be we certainly ought not to insist that for a good many years to come they should amount to enough to pay the cost of the canal. The United States has made in the construction of the canal we ought not to do this first because the tolls are to be derived by the United States for this expenditure is not to be measured solely by a return upon the investment. If it were then the construction of the canal would have been left to private enterprise.

COMPETITION EXISTS

If we are to have a world canal it is our duty to make the route of the canal as free as possible from artificial barriers and to make it as open as possible to all nations.

NO DISCRIMINATION

No law would create greater prejudice against the canal than the suggestion that certain lines of traffic were favored in the furnishing of supplies or in the carrying of cargo.

CURB ON RAILROADS

I cannot close this reference to the canal without suggesting as a wise amendment to the Interstate Commerce law a provision prohibiting interstate commerce railroads from owning or controlling ships engaged in the trade through the Panama Canal. I believe such a provision may be needed to save to the people of the United States the benefits of the competition in trade.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The duties of the Department of Justice have been increased by legislation of Congress and in the most of the general welfare of the people and extending its activities in various ways within its constitutional limits. It is our duty to support the Department of Justice in its efforts to enforce the law and to maintain the integrity of the government.

NATIONAL INCORPORATION

In a special message last year I brought to the attention of Congress the propriety and wisdom of enacting a law to regulate the incorporation of companies in the United States.

COURT OF CLAIMS

I invite the attention of Congress to the report of the Court of Claims for the year ending June 30, 1910. The report shows that the Court has rendered many decisions in favor of the government and has helped to settle many claims against the government.

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE

One great crying need in the United States is cheapening the cost of litigation by simplifying judicial procedure and expediting final judgment. Under the present conditions a party litigant is at a disadvantage in a legal contest with a corporation or rich opponent.

INJUNCTION BILL

I wish to renew my urgent recommendation made in my last annual message in favor of the passage of a law which shall regulate the issuing of injunctions and shall provide for the enforcement of such injunctions.

SUPREME COURT RELIEF

No man is right to have as a matter of right a review of his case by the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court is a court of last resort and its decisions should be final.

TAFT WOULD BAR RAILROAD SHIPS FROM THE CANAL

I cannot close this reference to the canal without suggesting as a wise amendment to the Interstate Commerce law a provision prohibiting interstate commerce railroads from owning or controlling ships engaged in the trade through the Panama Canal. I believe such a provision may be needed to save to the people of the United States the benefits of the competition in trade between the eastern and western seaboard which this canal will be constructed to secure.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

PORTO RICO APPEALS

Annals from the United States court in Porto Rico should also be sent to the Chief Justice of the United States. Instead of the Chief Justice of the United States, the appeals should be sent to the Supreme Court of the United States.

OUT OF POLITICS

I am aware that this is inviting from the Senate a concession in respect to its jurisdiction over the Panama Canal. I believe it is better to be in the hands of good administrators than in the hands of politicians.

TELLS YOU HOW TO CURE A COLD

Surely Breaks the Most Severe Cold and Ends Grippe Misery in Just a Few Hours.

The most effective and harmless way to cure the Grippe or break a severe cold either in the head or chest is by using a cold cream.

FRANKING PRIVILEGE

The unrestricted manner in which franking privilege is now being used by the several Congresses is a source of great concern to the public. It is a privilege which should be used with great care and only for the purpose of transmitting official mail.

TRUST CRUSADE DELAYED BY COURT

Congress Advised to Await Decision of Supreme Tribunal on the Sherman Act Interpretation

keeping with this plan it is hoped that Congress will authorize the substitution of special official stamps and envelopes for the various forms of all semblance of support for the extremely radical legislation they propose, which will be most pernicious if adopted and will lay the foundation of a power and legalize that cruel social instrument, the secondary boycott.

JUDICIAL SALARIES

I further recommend to Congress the passage of the bill now pending in the House which provides for the increase in the salaries of the Federal judges by which the Chief Justice of the United States shall receive \$15,000 and the Associate Justices \$12,000 and the District Judges \$9,000. This court of law is such especially in the large cities that even the salaries fixed in the proposed bill will enable the incumbents to accumulate little if anything to support their families after their death.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS

At its last session Congress made provision for the establishment of savings banks by the postoffice department of this Government by which the general fund of the United States, consisting of the Postmaster General, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney General, the system could be carried on in a few years. It is our duty to support the establishment of these banks.

WIPING OUT DEFICIT

As I have said the Postoffice Department is a great business institution and I am glad to note that it is under its present management principles of business economy and efficiency. It is our duty to support the Postmaster General in his efforts to reduce the deficit in the Postoffice Department.

CLASSIFIED SERVICE

Upon the recommendation of the Postmaster General, I have included in the classified service a list of positions in the Postoffice Department which are of a confidential nature and which require a high degree of loyalty and integrity.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

In the last annual report of the Secretary of the Navy and in my annual message attention was called to the report of the Secretary of the Navy in respect to the operations of the Navy Department. It is our duty to support the Secretary of the Navy in his efforts to improve the operations of the Navy Department.

OUT OF POLITICS

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SECOND CLASS MAIL

In my last annual message I invited the attention of Congress to the increase in the postal rates imposed upon the second class mail in 1909. It is our duty to support the Postmaster General in his efforts to reduce the postal rates.

PARCELS POST

With respect to the parcels post, I respectfully recommend that it be extended to all parts of the United States. It is our duty to support the Postmaster General in his efforts to improve the parcels post service.

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ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY SOUGHT

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE IN NEED OF REFORM

Delay in Obtaining Final Judgment Works Hardship on the Litigant Whose Means Are Limited

Permanent. I concur in the recommendation of the Secretary in view of the conditions of a recent court of inquiry on certain phases of marine corps administration, recommending that the Marine Corps be reorganized for a four years term and that officers of the Adjutant and Inspector General be reduced to the rank of major. The conditions now existing in the personnel of officers of the Navy particularly with regard to the age and experience of flag officers are such that the age of officers is reduced to such an extent that the Navy is unable to gain proper experience as flag officers in order to enable them to properly command fleets. I concur in the Secretary's recommendations.

NAVAL SUPPLY FUND

I commend to your attention the report of the Secretary on the change in the system of cost accounting in Navy yards and also to the history of the naval supply fund and the present conditions existing in regard to that matter. Under previous practice, and that now seems to have been an erroneous construction of the law, the supply fund of the Navy was reduced from \$10,000,000 to \$1,000,000 and a system of accounting was introduced which prevented the striking of a proper balance and a knowledge of the cost of the various items of the naval establishment. The system is now to be abandoned and a naval supply account established by law July 1, 1910.

The naval supply fund of \$2,000,000 is now to be placed in the Treasury to the credit of the Department. The Secretary recommends that the naval supply account be made permanent and that the supply fund be covered into the Treasury as an unexpended fund for legislative authority to do this.

This sum was carried into the Treasury and will be used for the reduction in the naval cost for this year. The estimates of the Navy Department are \$4,000,000 less than the appropriation of \$10,000,000 for last year and included in this is the building program of the same amount as that submitted for your consideration last year. It is merely a matter of a year or two before the program will be completed. I earnestly hope that this program will be adopted.

NAVY YARDS

The Secretary of the Navy has given personal examination to every Navy yard and has studied the uses of the yards with reference to the cost of the work done. He has found that the yards are more than double the number and more than double the cost of the yards of the British navy. He has found that the yards are more than double the number and more than double the cost of the yards of the British navy. He has found that the yards are more than double the number and more than double the cost of the yards of the British navy.

The Secretary points out that the most important yards in the West are in the Hawaiian Islands. In the Hawaiian Islands the commercial value of the land is the expenditure of less than \$1,000,000 dollars with the machinery which will be sufficient to equip the yards to serve the purpose of an emergency navy base. I earnestly hope that the program will be adopted.

PEARY'S DISCOVERY

The complete success of our country in the Arctic expedition should not remain unnoticed. The expedition was a success in every respect. The expedition was a success in every respect. The expedition was a success in every respect. The expedition was a success in every respect. The expedition was a success in every respect.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

The Secretary of the Interior recommends that the law be changed so that the land in the Hawaiian Islands be sold to the Government for the purpose of establishing a naval base. The Secretary of the Interior recommends that the law be changed so that the land in the Hawaiian Islands be sold to the Government for the purpose of establishing a naval base. The Secretary of the Interior recommends that the law be changed so that the land in the Hawaiian Islands be sold to the Government for the purpose of establishing a naval base.

A PRODUCT OF NATURE.

Warned into life by the sun shining on Southern cotton fields, nurtured by rain and dew, the cotton plant grows to its full maturity. It is a product of nature. It is a product of nature. It is a product of nature. It is a product of nature. It is a product of nature.

DEPLORES POOR MAN'S CHANCE IN LITIGATION

One great crying need in the United States is cheapening the cost of litigation by simplifying judicial procedure and expediting final judgment. Under present conditions the poor man is at a woeful disadvantage in a legal contest with a corporation or rich opponent. The necessity for the reform exists both in the United States courts and in all state courts. In order to bring it about, however, it naturally falls to the general government but its example to furnish a model to all states.—Excerpt from President Taft's Message.

NATIONAL PARKS

Our national parks have become so extensive and involve so much detail of action in their control that it seems to me there ought to be legislation creating a bureau for these parks and now I think the greatest natural wonder of this country and the surrounding territory should be included in another national park referred to the Grand Canyon of the Colorado.

PENSIONS

The uniform policy of the Government in the matter of granting pensions to those who have served the country in the military or naval service has been a source of much trouble and expense. The uniform policy of the Government in the matter of granting pensions to those who have served the country in the military or naval service has been a source of much trouble and expense. The uniform policy of the Government in the matter of granting pensions to those who have served the country in the military or naval service has been a source of much trouble and expense.

ALASKA

With reference to the government of Alaska I have nothing to add to the recommendations I made in my last message on the subject. I am convinced that the government of Alaska is a source of much trouble and expense. The government of Alaska is a source of much trouble and expense. The government of Alaska is a source of much trouble and expense.

NOT TO BE FEARED

The suggestion that the appointment of a commission to investigate the conditions in the Philippines is a source of much trouble and expense. The suggestion that the appointment of a commission to investigate the conditions in the Philippines is a source of much trouble and expense. The suggestion that the appointment of a commission to investigate the conditions in the Philippines is a source of much trouble and expense.

SUNNY MONDAY

The use of Sunny Monday laundry soap means economy; economy in the saving of clothes—saving of time—saving of labor. Sunny Monday is a white soap which contains no rosin. It will double the life of your clothes, and one bar of it will go as far as two bars of any ordinary yellow laundry soap. Ask your grocer for Sunny Monday. THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY CHICAGO

RECOMMENDATION THAT SALARIES OFF FEDERAL JUDICIARY BE INCREASED

President Taft Says That the Chief Justice Should Be Paid \$17,500 a Year and the Associate Justices Should Receive \$17,000

by experiment the best methods of reorganizing the courts is to be made by the Secretary of Agriculture to make the appropriations needed for enlarging the usefulness of the forest service in this regard. I hope that Congress will approve and adopt the estimate of the Secretary for this purpose.

COMMERCE AND LABOR

The Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department. The Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

CENSUS BUREAU

The taking of the census has proceeded with promptness and efficiency. The Secretary of the Census Bureau has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

LIGHTHOUSES

The reorganization of the Lighthouse Service has been completed. The Secretary of the Lighthouse Service has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The report of the Secretary of Agriculture is a source of much trouble and expense. The report of the Secretary of Agriculture is a source of much trouble and expense. The report of the Secretary of Agriculture is a source of much trouble and expense. The report of the Secretary of Agriculture is a source of much trouble and expense.

FOREST SERVICE

I have already referred to the forests of the United States and their extent. The Secretary of the Forest Service has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

CORPORATIONS

The Commissioner of Corporations has just completed the first part of a report on the financial condition of the corporations of the United States. The Commissioner of Corporations has just completed the first part of a report on the financial condition of the corporations of the United States.

BUREAU OF FISHERIES

I am glad to see in the Secretary's report the progress which has been made in the reorganization of the Bureau of Fisheries. The Secretary of the Bureau of Fisheries has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

WHY YOU ARE THIN; HOW TO GET FLESHY

Give New Method of Increasing Weight and Rounding Out the Form.

FIGHTING FIRES

The specific fund for fighting fires was only about \$100,000 but the Secretary of the Department of the Interior has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

REFORESTATION

The amount of reforestation shown in the report of the forest service is only about 1,000 acres as compared with the 100,000 acres of the forest service. The Secretary of the Forest Service has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

COAST AND GEODETIC

The Coast and Geodetic Survey has been engaged in surveying the coast of the Philippines archipelago. The Secretary of the Coast and Geodetic Survey has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

BUREAU OF LABOR

The Commissioner of Labor has been actively engaged in composing the differences between employers and employees engaged in the Panama Canal. The Commissioner of Labor has been actively engaged in composing the differences between employers and employees engaged in the Panama Canal.

EIGHT HOUR LAW

In 1912 the present eight hour law was passed which provides that the services and employment of all laborers and mechanics who are now or may be employed by the Government of the United States shall be limited to eight hours in any one calendar day. The Secretary of the Department of Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

GOVERNMENT WORK

The proposed act provides that no laborer or mechanic doing any part of the work contemplated by a contract with the United States in the employ of the Government or any sub-contractor shall be required to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day. The Secretary of the Department of Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

In view of the keen widespread interest in the United States in a system of compensation for industrial accidents, the Secretary of the Department of Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION

The President declares that immigration into this country is increasing each year. He deprecates the proposed enlargement of the immigration of the force at Ellis Island for the purpose of putting the examination of more immigrants per day. The President declares that immigration into this country is increasing each year.

MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS

President Taft renewing his recommendation for the creation of a bureau of health and hygiene. The President declares that immigration into this country is increasing each year.

IMPERIAL VALLEY PROJECT

By an act passed by Congress the President was authorized to expend a million dollars to construct a canal to divert water from the Colorado River into the Imperial Valley. The President declares that immigration into this country is increasing each year.

CHILDREN'S FACES

AWFUL WITH RASH

Ran Over Bodies, Too. Dry and Very Crusty—Used Cuticura and Did No More Scratching, Eczema Disappeared in 6 Weeks.

Now More Than Two Years Ago and No Sign of Trouble Has Returned.

My two children suffered from an affection of the face and hands which started first with little red spots which afterwards got bigger until the skin was covered with a thick crust of five-cent pieces. The outside became dry and cracked and the children's faces were awful and afterwards the bodies too.

I had a doctor for them but he could not help. Then I read of the Cuticura Remedies. As I am a chemist, I served my apprenticeship in Germany. I was soon taught something better, for after I used Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Remolvent the first time, the children felt very well and did no more scratching. Then the eczema became dry and crusty and disappeared after about six weeks' treatment. This is now more than two years ago and no sign of trouble has returned. Therefore I can recommend the Cuticura Remedies without reserve to all people who are afflicted with eczema. Willa Greelock, 74 Douglas St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Mar. 10, 1910.

Shall I tell you how I cured my children's faces and hands? I used Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Remolvent. The children felt very well and did no more scratching. Then the eczema became dry and crusty and disappeared after about six weeks' treatment. This is now more than two years ago and no sign of trouble has returned. Therefore I can recommend the Cuticura Remedies without reserve to all people who are afflicted with eczema. Willa Greelock, 74 Douglas St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Mar. 10, 1910.

I may add that my suggestions in respect to this legislation have been fully considered by the Secretary of the Department of Labor.

DIFFICULT TO ENFORCE

One of the great difficulties in enforcing this eight hour law is that it is applied under certain circumstances. The Secretary of the Department of Labor has had under his hand to supervise the application of the merit system of promotion to the civil service of the Department.

WOULD WEED POLITICS OUT OF POSTAL SERVICE

Taft Wants Postmasters Insured Permanent Tenure of Office if They Are Efficient

Supervision of the Secretary of the Interior and his consulting engineer General Marshall, Chief of engineers new review.

This is the first time the attention of Congress has been called to the fact that the postal service is a business enterprise and not a political machine. The fact that the postal service is a business enterprise is a fact which has been recognized by the public for some time. The fact that the postal service is a business enterprise is a fact which has been recognized by the public for some time.

judgment and this work is now being done. When it is completed the foundation will be laid for a business-like organization, budget and for such a just comparison of the economy and efficiency with which the several bureaus and offices are conducted as will enable the President and the heads of departments to detect waste, eliminate duplication, encourage the intelligent and effective civil servants whose efforts too often go unnoticed and secure the public service at the lowest possible cost.

ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY

The committee on appropriations of Congress has diligently worked to reduce the expenses of government and have found their efforts often blocked by lack of accurate information containing proper analysis of requirements and of actual and estimated costs. The result of the inquiry should enable the executive in his communications to Congress to give information to which Congress is entitled and which will enable it to promote economy.

I have requested the head of each department to appoint committees on economy and efficiency in order to secure full cooperation in the movement to give information to which Congress is entitled and which will enable it to promote economy.

I also renew my recommendation that the Civil Service Commission be continued its present duties during the year 1915.

CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT

It is impossible to proceed far in such a matter without perceiving the need of a suitable means of eliminating from the service the superannuated. This is a problem which has been solved in a number of ways, either by a pension or by a gratuity. The Civil Service Commission has been authorized to study the problem and to report to Congress on the best method of solving it.

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ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY

The increase in the salaries and in the annual expenditures of the Federal Government has been rapid and great. It is the duty of Congress to see that the Government is run as economically as possible.

COMMON STANDARD

At the outset I find comparison between departments and bureaus impossible for the reason that in no two departments are the salaries and expenditures derived from the same source. The first step is to reduce all to a common standard for classification and

TOM LANE WEDS TO RESUME PROBE WIDOW SECRETLY OF SHIP SUBSIDY

Clubman Is Now Managing Big Mining Properties in Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.—Thomas Lane, known as "Tom" Lane, who is a familiar figure in the club life and fashionable circles of this city, the man who according to his divorced wife's testimony, regarded the loss of \$17,000 in race horses as a "mere trifle," was secretly married just one month ago to Mrs. Lane, who is the daughter of a prominent San Francisco family.

The marriage, which took place November 15, at the home of Mrs. Lane's sister, Mrs. O. C. Zine, 2531 Van Ness avenue, was kept secret until yesterday when William P. O'Connell, secretary of the ceremony, which was attended only by members of the respective families.

Tom Lane is the son of Charles J. Lane, a San Francisco millionaire and partner of Alvin Karpis in the Gray Group mine. His first wife, Mrs. Lane, divorced him some time ago. The property settlements made at the time of the divorce were made at the court house, where his divorce from Mrs. Lane was given up. Lane is now living in a small house in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Lane are now living at 855 Clifton street.

Special House Committee to Hear More Denials of the Lobby at Washington

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The ship subsidy investigation will be taken up again by the special house committee, headed by Representative George H. Dyer of New York, probably next week.

Officials of some of the European lines who did not have an opportunity to testify at the hearings here during a last session of Congress or recently in New York will be summoned to give an explanation of the alleged allegations of the existence of a lobby existing at Washington or elsewhere for the purpose of influencing members of Congress in favor of ship subsidy legislation.

The information so far obtained by the committee has revealed nothing to substantiate the charges.

MILLION-DOLLAR WILL SET ASIDE BY COURT

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—A million dollar will has been upset in the state supreme court here by Justice Blackford.

When James F. Wallace, former president of the New York Produce Exchange, died, he left a will which was probated. It was found that he and his wife who survived him, had been living in a state of divorce for some time. The court set aside the will and ordered a new one to be drawn.

CURRY MAKES SIXTH AND FINAL REPORT

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 6.—Secretary of State Charles F. Curry in his sixth and final annual report to Governor Gifford for the period ending June 30, 1914, makes a number of important changes in the civil rules, chief among which are the reorganization of the executive branch, the reorganization of the judicial branch, and the reorganization of the legislative branch.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDED AT SANTA CLARA

SANTA CLARA, Cal., Dec. 6.—A small earthquake was recorded here today. The earthquake was recorded by the seismograph at the Santa Clara observatory. The earthquake was recorded at 10:10 a.m. and lasted for about 10 seconds.

BILLS OF LADING

For the protection of our own people and preservation of our credit in foreign trade, it is urged upon Congress the immediate enactment of a law in which one who with good faith and honest intent, and who is not a carrier, should be permitted to issue a bill of lading for goods shipped by a carrier.

PERSONAL MENTION

MISS BONITA WEAVER, who has been visiting in the city, will leave for her home in the city.

MR. and MRS. ALBERT ROBBEN have returned from their trip to the city.

MR. and MRS. ALBERT ROBBEN have returned from their trip to the city.

SUGGESTS PENALTY

I further recommend that a penalty be imposed upon railroad agents and shippers for fraud or misrepresentation in connection with the issue of bills of lading issued upon interstate and foreign shipments.

BUSINESS METHODS

Due to the reform movements of the present decade there has undoubtedly been a great improvement in business methods and standards and in the ethics which govern the conduct of business.

SAFETY APPLIANCES

The protection of railroad employees from personal injury is a subject of the



WE CAN FIT ALL SIZES OF MEN 33 to 50

CREDIT

Suits, Overcoats For Men and Youths

in all the Leading Styles and Fabrics

One-Fourth Down

Balance \$1.00 Per Week

Or as MUCH MORE as you wish to pay. We carry nothing but High-grade goods.

At the Old Reliable Credit House.

Eastern Outfitting Co.

511 515 14th NEAR CLAY

CASH OR CREDIT PRICES SAME

NEWS OF THE OIL FIELDS

\$500,000 OFFER REFUSED FOR STATE OIL INTERESTS

Visalia Company Said to Have Turned Down Chance to Dispose of Property for Half Million; News of Fields

BAKERSFIELD, Dec. 6.—The Visalia Midway Oil Company composed largely of Visalia interests has just refused an offer of \$500,000 for its eight-acre holding in the North Midway field.

The State Oil Company, which has a contract to supply the Associated Oil Company with as much as 30,000 barrels of oil per month, is shipping at the rate of 18,000 barrels per month but the execution of the contract is largely to exceed the figures before long.

Reports of many strikes have not into circulation one being the fact that oil has been discovered in six different places within a few miles of the town.

Lost Hills is still a one-well field although in a number of places the holes are approaching the depth at which the oil should be found if the field is to be as large as it is supposed.

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Postoffice May Sell Red Cross Stamps

Paul Schafer Receives Telegram From Washington Giving Him Permission.

Postmaster Paul Schafer announces that the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington D. C. has authorized him to sell Red Cross stamps in the Oakland postoffice building during the coming Christmas holidays.

WIFE TURNS TABLES

Jean T. Alston, who is suing for a divorce when Superior Judge Elsworth granted an interlocutory decree to her, is now suing for a divorce.

The court has ordered him to pay his wife \$17 a month as alimony.

Alston claims a showing of oil at the well. The oil is now in a black granite sand, a price of \$1.50 a barrel.

All the development now going on covers a strip of country about ten miles long and two miles wide all on the first side of the anticline except the Associated Oil field on section 14, 26 20.

SUNSET FLOURISHING

The Sunset Society finished pulling the 13th card from its well on Section 14, 26 20, without mishap and the wisdom of the advice on which it decided to remove it was shown by the fact that one side of the well on the bottom of the casing was broken off.

There were no holes in the casing but the absence of half of the shoe would have made it practically impossible to go much deeper with the 13 inch shoe.

The shoe was adjusted and the casing started back in the hole yesterday.

A copy of the articles of incorporation of the Visalia Consolidated Road Oil Company, a Maine corporation, were filed in the county clerk's office today.

The capital stock is \$100,000 which is common stock, there being no preferred stock. The place of business is Portland.

The following are the incorporators: Ardon W. Conners, Charles H. Tulman, Sherman Gould and B. B. Hutton, all of Portland.

Golden State Limited to Chicago

The train of superior equipment over the Sunset--Rock Island Route

Through Orange and Lemon Groves. See Salton Sea. Latest style and equipment — parlor observations—Library and Cafe.

Southern Pacific--Rock Island Lines


Ticket Offices: Broadway and 13th Sts. Oakland. Oakland—16th St. Depot, Oakland—1st and Broadway Depot, Oakland—7th and Broadway Depot, 1120 Broadway, Oakland.

ALAMEDA

ALAMEDA STUDENTS NAME OFFICERS

PEACE ADVOCATES TO MEET.
BERKLEY, Dec. 6.—Arrangements are being made for a meeting of the California Peace Association in this city on December 10. Prof. H. C. Riddle will preside and Miss Louise L. Kidder will act as secretary. Among the speakers will be Prof. George M. Stratton, Rev. Edward Lamb Parsons, Prof. Riddle and others.

\$6 MONTH



San Francisco
26 O'Farrell St.

SOCIETY

Cleveland Sae

It all sounds out like a tale from the more than a quarter of a mil-
lars

⁹ der pressura.

Ratify the New Charter.

The charter election will be held next Thursday. Then the voters will be called on to decide whether they will ratify the new charter framed by the Freeholders or continue to hobble along for an indefinite period with the existing antiquated and imperfect organic law—whether the city shall adopt a more workable and efficient form of government or continue to wear a hobble skirt.

The new charter is so manifestly an improvement on the old, so manifestly necessary to the progress and development of the city, that it should be ratified, and THE TRIBUNE has no doubt that it will be. There is no serious opposition to it as a whole, nor any allegation that a new charter is not badly needed. Neither is there any claim that the old charter is not outworn and wholly inadequate to the conditions which now exist. There is objection to certain special features of the new charter, but none to the document as a whole.

In our opinion it would have been better to have left a few things out of the new organic law, but the necessity for reorganizing our municipal government on a more efficient basis is so great that objection to minor features should not prevail against the approved excellence of the main features. In case defects in the new organic law manifest themselves in practical application they can be cured by amendment. In the meantime the good so tremendously over-balances the bad that the charter should be adopted.

It is unfortunate that the alternative proposition is not better understood, particularly that part of it which undertakes to define what is a residence district. Public sentiment disapproves of granting saloon licenses in residence districts, and THE TRIBUNE has in the past contended that saloons should be kept out of the purely residence quarters. But the wording of the alternative proposition is such that there is likely to be confusion and contention in the future as to its meaning. This could have been easily avoided. Without that proposition the charter provides adequately for the restriction and control of the retail liquor traffic, and the people ought to be able to elect Commissioners who can be relied on to protect residence districts from saloon invasion.

However, the charter in general is worthy of hearty approval and should be adopted without division. It provides the machinery for an efficient progressive municipal government. It is modern in form and spirit and affords an opportunity for the city to develop and improve along advanced lines.

Why should the population of Mississippi increase faster than the population of Kentucky, Indiana, Kansas or Nebraska? During the past last decade it has. Mississippi has few manufacturing industries and an unattractive climate. She is smaller than Kansas or Nebraska, and is afflicted with the race problem—a majority of the inhabitants are Negroes. Yet Mississippi's growth in population is twice as large in percentage as Indiana's and more than twice as large as Kentucky's.

Why the Sun Failed.

Various reasons are assigned for the failure of the Sun, the paper started recently in San Francisco, as a Democratic organ, but to our mind none of those given is the correct one. One journal says the Sun did not succeed because it was a party organ; another said it failed because it supported the defeated candidate for Governor, and a third says it was deprived of an excuse to exist by the Examiner jumping in and supporting the Democratic ticket.

All beside the point. The Sun attempted to break into a field abundantly supplied with newspapers. It was printed as a morning newspaper. San Francisco was already supplied with three good morning papers, any one of which was far superior as a general newspaper to the Sun. Each of the Sun's competitors was a long established, well organized newspaper of recognized standing. Each published more news and later news than the Sun; presented more popular features and printed a far greater amount of miscellany.

The Sun had not a single feature of special excellence. It had no business to begin with and gave advertisers no substantial reason for buying space in its columns. The inferiority of its news service did not invite anybody to drop the Examiner, Call or Chronicle to take the Sun, which could only gain a limited circulation by appealing to the party spirit of Democrats.

There is no room for another morning newspaper in San Francisco, and the merchants of that city displayed wisdom in refusing to support another, an invader distinctly inferior to those already established, and which gave no evidence of permanency or prospect of improvement.

The Sun did not fail because it was Democratic, but because it was over-matched and was trying to displace better newspapers. It made no impression on the community, for it had nothing to recommend it save its appeal to Democratic party spirit. Its claim to recognition and support was not based upon excellence; it was merely an appeal to political sentiment, and it was an appeal that business men did not respond to. That is why the Sun did not succeed.

It did not fill a long-felt want and it was outclassed at every point by papers in possession of the field. Besides it started with insufficient capital and was crudely and imperfectly organized to supply the demand for news. Hence it failed. That is all there is to it.

Despite the Tory clamor about the domination of the American dollar in British politics, the Liberals appear to be winning out in the English Parliamentary elections. The absurdity of an hereditary body vetoing the acts of a legislature commissioned by the people is too gross for an intelligent people to countenance any longer, and the fusion about the Irish dictator and the Yankee dollar does not find so receptive an ear as it would have received a few years ago.

New Orleans and the Deep Waterway.

Naturally we feel gratified out here that the Lakes to the Gulf Deep Waterway Association, at the recent convention in St. Louis, refused to pass a resolution endorsing New Orleans as the place for holding the Panama Exposition, but the refusal is gratifying in other respects. By declining to take a partisan stand in the exposition matter, the association gained friends for their deep water project—friends who are outside the zone affected by the proposed waterway, and who are in a position to be independent in the matter.

A fourteen-foot waterway, open the year round, from Chicago to New Orleans is the object the Waterway Association is striving to attain. The success of this scheme is many times more important to New Orleans than the exposition, for it is coupled with a project to provide a nine-foot navigable channel in the Ohio river at all seasons of the year from Cairo to Pittsburg. If New Orleans could send fourteen-foot boats to Chicago and nine-foot boats to Pittsburg

'I Cannot Tell a Lie; I Did It With My Little Hatchet'



—MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL.

all the year round her commerce would expand at a wonderful rate. She would hold the key to the heavy traffic of the Mississippi valley and draw a large export trade from the Great Lakes.

In the minds of many clear-sighted men this deep water project is a public necessity closely allied to the Panama canal. This connection has caused some to look upon the Crescent City as the logical place to hold the exposition. If examined the logic leads in the other direction. New Orleans wants votes for the Deep Waterway, since it must be opened at national expense; and as she is to be the city that will benefit most largely from the waterway she should surrender her pretensions to the Panama Exposition and seek votes for a deep water channel to the Great Lakes. The Pacific Coast would gladly aid her deep water project if the New Orleans people would cease antagonizing San Francisco's exposition plans.

It would seem, however, that the railroads running north and south between the Great Lakes and the Gulf of Mexico are deliberately urging on the fight between New Orleans and San Francisco to block and delay the construction of a deep water channel from Chicago to the lower Mississippi. They are playing New Orleans against San Francisco in the hope of defeating the deep water project. It will be remembered that the transcontinental roads delayed the interoceanic canal for years by playing the Nicaragua and Panama routes against each other. It looks as if the game was being repeated in this instance. All the roads traversing the Mississippi valley, whether they run to New York, Boston and Baltimore or to New Orleans, Galveston and Savannah are opposed to the government opening a deep waterway from the Great Lakes to the mouth of the Mississippi.

The crowds and activity in the shopping district show that business is good on one hand and that the wisdom of buying holiday goods early is appreciated.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS

Blessings are such only when man counts and treasures them; man belittles his blessings whenever he bewails his woes—he tortures himself by treading on his own toes.

Man wears in his work when he works his lungs and wakes up his liver; the man who is too lazy to breathe won't let his liver work.

The man who does all his talking in the boaster's key makes of himself an all-day nuisance and a monkey; the man who tells how much he can do when he gets to it, seldom gets to the point where he will do it.

Some men are silent to hide their sin, while others keep silence and show their wisdom; out of the heart man speaketh, but silence is never a sure sign of anything.

Self-denial in all that we do gives the genuine glitter to our gifts; when we do the best we can, forgetting self, we are sure to help our fellowman.

When you borrow trouble don't forget that the rate of interest is high, and it matters not how anxious you are to pay it all back, there will still be installments due when you die.

When men do a great wrong on purpose and are not "found out," they think they are shrewd, but when discovered they say they have been wronged.

The heart may be made to ache more by the good deeds left undone than by the bad deeds that are done; the loving hand withheld and the tender words unspoken keep both you and your needy brother poor.

WORKING UP A SCARE

Efforts to hush before agonized mothers the statement that the so-called "infantile paralysis" is a new disease has called forth a rebuke from Paul A. Harsch, secretary of the National League for Medical Freedom, and it was printed in a recent issue of The Chicago News.

"Infantile paralysis" is not a new bugbear, although it has been widely heralded as the most modern of mysterious diseases. As a matter of fact, says Dr. Harsch, it was known and commented upon by doctors thirty to forty years ago.

Admittedly, the disease is a mystery; and without doubt it has baffled the disciples of Aesculapius ever since the days of Solomon, or that remote period when the healers of Egypt described the diseases of the times of the Pharaohs.

Dr. Harsch finds that the "scare" lies above the merely picturesque, and he points out that the conflicting theories of the various eminent experts who have "permitted" themselves to be interviewed on the subject show with startling clearness how absurd and impossible it would be to direct a National Health Department with such physicians as its heads.—Seattle Times.

FULFILLING

By REV. S. E. CROWE.
Pastor Santa Clara Avenue M. E. Church, Alameda.

"Bear ye one another's burdens and thus fulfil the law of Christ."—Gal. 6:2.

In the Gospel Jesus Christ gathers up all the law and the prophets relating to more and more and formulated a new commandment, namely, "that ye love one another."

For 1900 years love has been the theme and basis of a new brotherhood and the underlying principle of man's co-operation with God in redemption and life eternal.

The Gospel message kindly fellowship and co-operation rather than strife on the part of man is everywhere emphasized and remarkable as it may seem, the early church held everything in this doctrine of brotherly love and the world's marvelous progress has alone been possible.

This unity of purpose for lack of a better word we term federation. Federation of capital, federated labor, federation of states, federation of nations, has simply meant placing the united shoulders of a common man, and we have a common burden, until the world has moved all by one impulse—progress, enlightenment, prosperity and a civilization not even dreamed of in the past.

Progress, a human and religious standpoint the world's greatest benefactor have arisen in conformity to this spirit of love and helpfulness—men who have simply gotten under the burden and yoke of others—Moses, in behalf of the Hebrews; Paul, in behalf of a pagan world; Luther and Wesley, in the great reformation of the church; Lincoln, the world's greatest benefactor, for millions of slaves; McKinley, in directing the forces of a great nation to banish forever "tyranny and oppression of a struggling and deserving people, and conquer a hundred thousand who have grappled with lesser problems to their ultimate solution; and above all, the Christ, the mighty leader of this and the centuries gone by, toward the goal of all and the very best possible in man. The doctrine of the Gospel of love and good will in its application to the race will solve every problem.

Capital and labor would be one great fraternity; armies and navies would be disbanded; implements of war would become implements of industry and peace. The ultimate federation and good of the race would be the spirit and slogan of the age, and every man would be his brother's keeper. Let us trust that the Christmas greeting and the Christmas cheer of the glad festival at hand may be God's bright harbinger and angel of light, that will usher in a better day and a better future for all—a future when man shall love his neighbor as himself and recognize and acknowledge God as the loving father of us all.

Woman's Paradise

A Wyoming jury, rather than return a verdict of murder against a woman charged with killing her husband and against whom the evidence was positive, has acquitted her. The verdict is not unexpected. The fact for remark is the frank avowal by the forewoman that "we could not bear to think of sending a sobbing, shrieking woman to the gallows."

Wyoming is a State distinguished for its civility and courtesy to women. It was the first to grant them equal political rights and it allows divorce for a year's desertion or failure to provide. As now appears, it grants them more or equal legal rights on evidence of the possession by the woman in the case of the proper emotionalism. The fate of a woman defendant who bore herself with stoical indifference might be more in accordance with a severer justice.

But generally speaking, Wyoming must be considered a political paradise for women, a condition no doubt explained by the fact that they are in a majority. The legal advantage of residence there should be expected to increase feminine immigration.—New York World.

THIS WORLD'S PEOPLE

"I never saw a braver man than Parnell," says Mrs. T. P. O'Connor. The story of his downfall is one of the most pathetic in history. There is a rumor that Captain O'Shea said to Gambetta: "What are we going to do with Parnell? He is getting to be a great danger to the country." And Gambetta replied: "Set a woman on his track."

A firm of Hungarian lottery touts now embellish their circulars with the proud boast, "The famous Dr. Crippen, our client in 1907."

Count Hermann von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, in consequence of the death of his cousin, Prince Franz von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, inherits the title and immense properties of the latter.

Count Leo Tolstoy, the younger, publishes a bitter denunciation of Count Tschortkoff, the intimate friend and literary agent of the late Count Tolstoy.

Senator Cullom of Illinois opposes the project for a Lincoln memorial road from Washington to Gettysburg. He proposes instead something more lasting, such as a monument in the national capital.

Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard says

that American women are getting to look more like men.

Minister of the Interior Delbruck of Germany states that from 1870 to 1900 German workmen's wages have grown faster than the cost of living.

Senator Cullom wants the Congress to appropriate \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000 for a national memorial to Lincoln.

Chief Wildlife of the government's secret service insists that there is no "third degree" sweating process to get prisoners to confess.

Lord Fisher, the English admiral, is amazed to know that in this country the winner in a political contest is picked a year or so in advance of the election.

America's richest boy, John Nicolas Brown, reputed to have \$5,000,000 in his credit in bank, has made a reputation for himself by serving hot coffee to laborers on a cold day.

Major Henry L. Higginson, in a letter to the Boston papers, thanks the women for taking off their hats at the concert of the Symphony orchestra last Friday.

PARK TO JOIN THE BIG RIVERS

Thirty odd years ago when Forest park was created in St. Louis complaint was made by residents that it was too far removed from the center of population ever to be of real value to the people. The hundreds of thousands of strangers who visited the Louisiana Purchase exposition, which found a site in that immense pleasure ground, could see that St. Louis had grown out to it and far beyond it. Last year the Missouri legislature passed an enabling act providing for a system of parks and boulevards extending from a point on the Missouri river on the north to a point on the Mississippi river on the south, embracing in its curving sweep the beautiful Creve Coeur lake and a long stretch of the charmingly romantic Meramec river. The topography of the district is such that the skill of landscape gardener is not necessary, and yet it is intended to expend an immense sum of money in the laying out of drives, ways and rambles, and in the construction of bridges.

The area of the park will be vastly

greater, of course, than that embodied in the famous Middlesex Fells of Boston's suburbs, but the project will be one having in view the same noble purposes that inspired the preservation of that picturesque tract and its perpetual dedication to the uses of the public.

Only one other outer park enterprise comparable in extent with that which St. Louis has taken in hand is now under contemplation in the United States. This is the outer park and boulevard belt designed to extend around Chicago from a point on the north to a point on the south shore of Lake Michigan, embracing not only the city and its environs, but all suburbs within a radius of twenty miles.

Ordinary prudence dictates that the great cities of this country waste no time in the matter of making ample park reservations. They are all growing at a tremendous pace, and if the beauty spots in their vicinity are to be conserved, and if the extensive tracts are to be secured, now is the time, before land values increase to the prohibitive point.

FIGURES OF TRAGEDIES

Prof. James C. Edwards, of the Federal Bureau of Mines, is credited with the statement that during the past twenty years 30,000 men have lost their lives in American coal mines.

"The number seem incredible," he does not seem possible that for twenty years the average number of deaths in the mines has been 1500; yet we presume Prof. Edwards speaks with care and knowledge.

Moreover, he asserts that a great majority of these deaths have been the result of caving walls and falling roofs, and that they could have been avoided had proper precaution been taken.

"Most of the mine disasters," he is credited with saying, "could have been prevented by common sense."

He adds that the Federal Government cannot compel mine owners to use safety devices, as only states have that power.

Here, plainly, lies the root of the evil. The government, in its adherence to the doctrine of States' rights, stands

by while criminal recklessness prevails in one State or another, or when the people of a community even go so far as to involve the country in international difficulties.

In the meantime, the States continue to send approachable men to the Legislature; men who, in many instances, have the slightest possible conception of the dignity of office and the rights of men.

But the underlying tragic note in the statement made by Prof. Edwards touches the callousness of a great part of the public, which is quick to enter into a quarrel as to the price of coal, and willing to countenance the interminable squabbles about the price of labor in the mine, while all the time the terrible toll of human sacrifice is being made, and the "price" continues to run up into the thousands of men sacrificed.

Plainly the day must come when the humane ranks of men will enter into a discussion of a new phase of that ancient problem, "the price of coal."—St. Louis Times.

OUR VANISHING HEROES

This has been a bad year for the picturesque and lingering figures of the old frontier. The frontiers are gone and the frontiersmen are going. But because their occupation is gone, the fact that some of them are still here and seeking other occupations is a mark of credit as great as any they made in frontier days. And they should be better supported than they have been of late. While we rejoice at Republican victory in Nebraska, we can but mourn the fall of an old hero, a straight-a-lariat-thrower as Jim Dahlman. From the Rio Grande to the Missouri, everywhere west of the Indian meridian, Dahlman's rope has cut the air between the earth and sky, and never did it miss the mark until he aimed it at the broad, wide-spreading horns of William J. Bryan. Its light was not wide enough to cover such expansive lips.

He has faded. And hardly have we ceased looking after that spot against the horizon where he disappeared than the startling figure of another old hero, that "Ranger Bill" McDonald has been arrested there for shooting up a town. We would like to know what San Antonio would be if "Bill" McDonald and his men had not shot out that rowdyism many a time and oft when it was aptly described as "hell with the lid off."

It is a part of current political information that Colonel Bat Masterson of New York, though not a candidate, and abhorring the practical side of politics, was overwhelmed by the recent election in that state, his hope, and some of his cash, having been staked on other results. That may hold others from the frontier lines who have been made to feel that the glamour of the older days is being lost on a public mind which has exercised over the price of its pork chops. But, as Mr. Roosevelt said at Cheyenne, Remington has fixed the portrait of the American frontiersman in our hearts. And it will remain there, even though New York shall worship the paper on the wall, Omaha shall ring curfew at sunset, and San Antonio search all the incoming pilgrims and invalids for concealed weapons.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

20 YEARS AGO IN OAKLAND

When J. F. Black, lessee of the Piedmont Springs Hotel, applied to the board of supervisors for a license authorizing him to sell liquor at the hotel, one of the first to oppose his application was Hugh Craig, a resident of Piedmont. Mr. Craig appeared before the board a few weeks ago and made a stirring speech in opposition to their granting the license and in resentment of the proceedings. Black this morning attempted to file a suit for \$50,000 with County Clerk Crane against Craig, the application being denied until plaintiff should give bonds to the amount of \$500 as evidence of good faith.

The important suit of the People ex rel Edison F. Adams, against the City of Oakland, to determine the legality of annexation of certain property to the city, came to trial this morning before Judge Greene and Elsworth, sitting en banc. Judge Green having invited Judge Elsworth to participate in the hearing of the case. The city was represented by City Attorney James A. Johnson and special counsel William R. Davis and Warren Olney. On behalf of Adams appeared Attorneys Harry S. Brown and W. W. Poole. The suit was brought at the instigation of the taxpayers of that district in order to determine whether or not the territory had been legally annexed.

The new board of directors of the Reliance Athletic Club have organized and commenced work immediately for the improvement of the club. The initiation

fee has been reduced to \$5 until January 1 and a big celebration will be given when the club moves into its new quarters.

Live Oak lodge of Masons elected the following officers last evening to serve for the ensuing year: Harry C. Brush, Frank N. Dalton, Julia J. Warner, W. E. Blood, W. E. King. They will be installed December 8.

When all the improvements that are projected and under way at Fish's Park are completed, Oakland will have as fine a public pleasure ground as any on the coast. All the improvements are being found in a first-class pleasure park will be installed, including many new features for entertainment of both old and young. The park is reached by the Piedmont cable road.

J. H. Strawbridge, the well-known railway contractor and builder, has purchased a half-interest in the Hayward Electric Light plant, having bought out S. D. Ingram. The remaining shares of the stock is owned by D. Clulsham and James A. Farrell. It is understood that marked improvements will be made in the Hayward service.

The will of Dr. J. B. Trembley was filed for probate this afternoon. He bequeathed to his son Fred his property in Toledo, Ohio; to his daughter, Frances Spencer, his property in Colorado; and the residue to his widow. His photographic instruments are bequeathed to the Chabot observatory. The value of the estate is not given.

On the other hand, a dry shampoo requires only a few minutes. The powder is sprinkled on the head and brushed thoroughly through the hair. That is all there is to it. It takes only a few seconds and does not require any special oil or dandruff treatment.

You have something you don't want. If, instead, you want

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FORESTER TELLS

Before Lake States Conference.

impression of having been excepted
extent and damage. This is chief
cause the extent of the fires and t

GIGANTIC TASK.

When the national forests were tabulated to the government had the task of organizing them for the efficient administration of the business on the part of the United States.

This gigantic task for the forests of a nation of about 200,000,000 acres of present value in the millions of dollars is over two million acres of the protection from fire. This gigantic task for the organization of forest service the fire loss was seriously reduced.

The most severe drought fire and most disastrous fire were

central Rocky Mountain region
were fires occurred but they we

The cost of fighting the fire at all times was about \$100 a day, but if it had been for one week, sufficient for the forest officers the losses of public and private property would have been many times what they are and many additional lives might have been lost. There were no hundreds of dollars worth of property saved by the fight waged under the leadership of the forest service.

FOUR THOUSAND FIRE

There were a big her over for several days in the National Forest near the town of Pocatello, Idaho, the reason. Most of these were caused by the forest fire which reached dangerous proportions during the week. The damage was done by the great fire which started in Northern Idaho Saturday four hours there was a

100 miles
In organizing a forest for fire
it is necessary

[illegible]

SUN, MOON AND TIDE

show Hue and height of high and low tide. For Port Point, entrance to San Francisco Bay (class only, water from) and for standard time

December 4 to December 11

Date	H	W	L	U	L	H	W	L	U	L	H	W	L	U	L
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5	4	1	4	4	0	7	5	3	0	1	3	5	0	1	3
6	1	4	0	10	13	1	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
7	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
8	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
9	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
10	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
11	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
12	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
13	1	0	1	4	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5	0	1	3

Times at December 6

Sun sets 7 12 | Sun sets 7 12

First quarter December 6 at 11 12

Full moon December 10 at 11 12

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS

ARRIVE

Steamers due to arrive and depart from Port Point for the next few days are:

Steamer From

115

	Sergeant Dan Long
	Boat—Portland and Victoria
no	Santa Clara Fureka
the	Santa Rosa San Diego

Times 5, Hargis 7, F. H. Bezaz
 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841

417, Berr—Astoria in Portland
447, Burtwick—Fort Bragg
447, Sen. Town—Fort Arena
447, Lane S. Higg—Las Vegas
447, Santa Barbara, Gray—Harbor

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FURNISHED FLATS TO LET

AA-COZY sunny upper flat of 4 rooms and bath walking distance to 14th and Broadway 3 blocks to 22d Key Route rent reasonable. Phone 1268 Broadway, phone Oakland 2974

A MODERN flat 6 rooms and bath furnished, garage 656 8th st. near Grove

BEAUTIFULLY furnished sunny flat of 3 rooms and bath, also modern 5 room house yard and barn near Key Route station 243 35th st. phone Piedmont 3594

FURNISHED modern flat sunny and fine location also single room 1371 15th st. phone 4265

FOR SALE-6 room furnished flat in good condition, reasonable 692 24th street

FOR RENT-Furnished sunny lower flat 3 rooms 1920 Myrtle

5 room furnished flat of 4 rooms bath and kitchen, central 170 17th st.

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HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

AR-EL-2 room housekeeping room, central, single outside room, block to 22d Key Route 825 3rd San Pablo st.

ARION-pleasant reasonable first-class in every respect 215 San Pablo near 22d Key Route

A NEWLY furnished suite with regular kitchen, bath, phone close to local

AT 805 Madison st. must call house name your 6 modern children taken

Brunswick 2 room suites with hot and running water \$4 per week, the business center 932 1/2 Washington st. cor 9th

CHITTY housekeeping suite in home of practical nurse services, reasonable Home home H 6458

FOR RENT-2 large sunny front rooms, suitable for two, also one housekeeping room, hot water free baths 614 15th st.

FINCHES 2 sunny rooms in private family use of piano, reasonable \$39 22d Key Route

HOUSE-LEAVING 2 or 3 rooms \$32 week up opposite Key Route 4048 Piedmont

HOTEL FEELING rooms located at 1064 Broadway cor 11th st. also a single room reasonable

LAP-2 room parlor piano running water gas heater use of kitchen on floor reasonable 918 Adeline street

NEWLY furnished front rooms for housekeeping convenient to Key Route and 11th st. 10th st.

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HOUSES FOR SALE

\$250 Cash, \$15 Month bus new 4 room house near 14th and Telegraph ave. bath toilet, free gas, electricity modern Price \$2100

\$300 Cash, \$20 Month 4 room cottage built 1920 near 14th and Telegraph ave. bath toilet, free gas, electricity modern Price \$2100

\$350 Cash, \$18 Month 4 room modern shingled bungalow, with fine shade trees 2 blocks to East 11th st. also this side Elmhurst 1745 24th st. with chicken house, chicken yard, barn, 10000

\$50 Cash, \$16 Month 4 room bungalow with 2 lots 25x100 each Price \$2500

\$250 Cash, \$22.50 Month 4 room lovely brand new house all brick fireplace, man every part of house, large working yard, large lot, drive close to S. P. and 14th st. close in a small lot home at price \$2500

\$250 Cash, \$25 Monthly 4 room 2 room cottage, one is a small home both are nearly new and every in detail, attractive and convenient, close to S. P. and 14th st. Key Route 1 prices \$2500 and \$2500

\$250 Cash, \$25 Monthly 4 room house, 35th st. near Grove lot 40 140 a b again it \$1000

\$250 Cash, \$30 Monthly 4 room house, 35th st. near Grove lot 40 140 a b again it \$1000

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LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.

1214-1216 BROADWAY, OAKLAND

Railroad Frontage

\$15,000 The short haul corner 75x100 on trunk line within 200 feet of downtown Broadway. This will double in value (468)

Lake Side Frontage

\$18,000 The last corner close in with lake and park frontage, northwest corner, 102x150 splendid for flats or apartments, nothing better in Oakland, ready exchange for small inside business property (96)

Superb Corner

\$7000 Beautiful residence corner 10x15, so situated in elegant homes ranging from \$10,000 to \$20,000, but conspicuously close in just far enough out to be still in residence property. A

